## Safety Data Sheet

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RE-ISSUED by CHEMSUPP

Infosafe No™

Issue Date : March 2018

Product Name : TIN METAL (Foil, Granules)

1CH73

Not classified as hazardous

1. Identification					
GHS Product	TIN METAL (Foil, Granules)				
Identifier					
Company Name	CHEM-SUPPLY PTY LTD (ABN		)		
Address	38 - 50 Bedford Street GILLMA SA 5013 Australia	N			
Telephone/Fax Number	Tel: (08) 8440-2000 Fax: (08) 8440-2001				
Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use	Tin plated steel containers for for metal, die casting alloy, pewter, electrical/electronic and genera titanium alloys used in aircraft e cables and magnets and indium organ pipes, tin alloys are impo most important of these are tin- metal surfaces by electrodepos iron, steel, copper, and copper- cladding, tinned wire (all copper plating, manufacture of chemica sheet, or to line lead pipe for dis metallurgy applications, exother window glass manufacture ('Pill	, phosphor bronz l industrial applic engineering, niob n-tin oxide for me rtant in the produ- zinc, tin-nickel, t ition, while in ho base alloys), con r wire that is to b als (tin salts), blo stilled water, bee rmic welding, ca	te, type, and White cations, specialize bium-tin and indiur etallic photonic cry uction of coatings in-cobalt, and tin- t-dipping, molten t rosion-resistant cr e rubber covered) ock tin (used to co er, carbonated bev talysts, colours, st	e metal), soldering al d alloys such as den n-tin alloys used in su stals, low-melting allo by electroplating and copper), tin coatings in wets and adheres batings (for lead or zi , collapsible tubes, a at copper cooking ute rerages, and some ch abilizer, cast and wro	loys for tal amalgams, uperconducting bys for fire control, hot tinning (the (applied to most readily to clean nc and steel), nodes for electron ensils and lead nemicals), powder
Other Names	Name	5 1 2	, I	Product Co	de
	TIN METAL Foil 0.2mm LR TIN METAL Granules LR Stannum			TL017 TL018	
Other Information	EMERGENCY CONTACT NUM Business hours: 8:30am to 5:00		8440 2000 Friday.		
	Chem-Supply Pty Ltd does not must ascertain the suitability of testing of the product before us upon Chem-Supply Pty Ltd with this product of any purpose is d any statute as to the merchanta This product is not sold by desc Act apply, the liability of Chem- or payment of the cost of replace	the product before e or application is respect to any s lisclaimed. Exception able quality of this cription. Where the Supply Pty Ltd is	re use or applicat is recommended. skill or judgement ot to the extent pro s product or fitnes he provisions of P is limited to the rep	ion intended purpose Any reliance or purpo or advice in relation t phibited at law, any c s for any purpose is art V, Division 2 of th lacement of supply o	<ul> <li>Preliminary orted reliance</li> <li>the suitability of ondition implied by hereby excluded.</li> <li>Trade Practices</li> </ul>
2. Hazard Identif	ication				
GHS classification of the substance/mixture	Classified as non-Hazardous ac labelling of Chemicals (GHS) in	ccording to the G cluding Work, H	Blobally Harmonise ealth and Safety r	ed System of classific egulations, Australia.	ation and
3. Composition/i	nformation on ingredient	s			
Chemical	Solid				
Characterization Ingredients	Name	CAS	<b>Proportion</b>	Hazard Symbol	Risk Phrase
ingreatents	Tin	<u>045</u> 7440-31-5	100 %	nuzura Oymool	<u>1138 1 11035</u>
		1-1-0-01-0	100 /0		
4. First-aid meas					
Inhalation	In the unlikely event of dizzines	s or nausea, ren	nove casualty to fr	esh air.	
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with wa DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.			aces of product have	been removed.
Skin	Wash affected area thoroughly and wash before reuse. Seek m	with copious am	ounts of running v		
Eye contact	If contact with the eye(s) occurs holding eyelid(s) open. Take ca medical attention.	s, wash with copi	ous amounts of w	ater for approximatel	y 15 minutes
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Product Name :	TIN METAL (Foil, Granules)			
	Not classified as hazardo	ous		
First Aid Facilities	Maintain eye wash and normal washroom facilities.			
Advice to Doctor	Treat symptomatically and supportively.			
Other Information	For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (Ph 766) or a doctor.	none eg Austra	lia 13 1126; No	ew Zealand 0800 764
5. Fire-fighting m				
Hazards from Combustion	Irritating and/or highly toxic fumes and gases, tin/tin o	oxides.		
Products				
Specific Methods	Use extinguishing media most appropriate for the sur Small fire: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray or foa			
Precautions in	Wear SCBA and structural firefighter's uniform.	1111.		
connection with Fire	e			
6. Accidental rele				
Personal Precautions	Avoid substance contact. Avoid generation of dusts: enclosed rooms.	do not inhale d	usts. Ensure s	supply of fresh air in
	Wear protective clothing specified for normal operation	ons (see Sectio	on 8)	
Clean-up Methods - Small Spillages	Sweep up and place in a labelled container for subse	equent safe dis	posal.	
7. Handling and	storage			
Precautions for Safe	e Avoid ingestion and inhalation of dust/granules/foil. A	void contact w	ith eyes, skin,	and clothing. Avoid
Handling	prolonged or repeated exposure. Minimize dust gene when not in use. Use in designated areas with adequ	ration and acc	umulation. Kee	
Handling Conditions for safe	prolonged or repeated exposure. Minimize dust gene	ration and accurate ventilation.	umulation. Kee Keep away f	rom incompatibles
Conditions for safe storage, including	prolonged or repeated exposure. Minimize dust gene when not in use. Use in designated areas with adequ such as oxidizing agents, acids, alkalis.	ration and accurate ventilation.	umulation. Kee Keep away f	rom incompatibles
Conditions for safe	prolonged or repeated exposure. Minimize dust gene when not in use. Use in designated areas with adequ such as oxidizing agents, acids, alkalis. Store in tightly closed containers, in a cool, dry, well-	ration and accurate ventilation.	umulation. Kee Keep away f	rom incompatibles
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatabilities	prolonged or repeated exposure. Minimize dust gene when not in use. Use in designated areas with adequ such as oxidizing agents, acids, alkalis. Store in tightly closed containers, in a cool, dry, well-	ration and accurate ventilation.	umulation. Kee Keep away f	rom incompatibles
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Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatabilities 8. Exposure cont Occupational exposure limit values Other Exposure Information Appropriate engineering controls Respiratory Protection Eye Protection Hand Protection	prolonged or repeated exposure. Minimize dust gene when not in use. Use in designated areas with adequa such as oxidizing agents, acids, alkalis. Store in tightly closed containers, in a cool, dry, well- Separated from oxidising agents. <b>trols/personal protection</b> <u>Mame</u> STEL <u>mg/m3</u> pp Tin A time weighted average (TWA) has been established The exposure value at the TWA is the average airbor calculated over a normal 8 hour working day for a 5 c In industrial situations maintain the concentrations va <b>s</b> process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation methods. Usually not required. Where ventilation is not adequate, respiratory protect or mists. Respiratory protection should comply with A selected in accordance with AS 1715 - Selection, Use Devices. Filter capacity and respirator type depends planned entry into unknown concentrations a positive respiratory protection is required, institute a complete fit testing, training, maintenance and inspection. The use of a face shield, chemical goggles or safety Must comply with Australian Standards AS 1337 and Hand protection should comply with AS 2161, Occup maintenance.	m       mg/n         2       d for Tin, metal         ne concentration       area         d for Tin, metal       area         alues below the       alues below the         alues below the       and the         an concentration       and the         d for Tin, metal       and the         alues below the       and the         alues below the       and the         an concentration       and the         glasses with si       be selected ar         ational protecti       pend on indivice	TWA TWA away from ind TWA TWA (Safe Work A on of a particules) (Safe Work A on of a particules) (Sa	Footnote Mustralia) of 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . lar substance when ay be achieved by e source, or other preathing dust, vapours tive Devices and be atory Protective of emergency or BA should be used. If am including selection, ection as appropriate. ordance with AS 1336. election, use and nces and/or according

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Infosafe No™	1CH73 Issue Date : March 2018 RE-ISSUED by CHEMSUPP
Product Name : 1	ΓΙΝ METAL (Foil, Granules)
	Not classified as hazardous
Hygiene Measures	Always wash hands before smoking, eating or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other
	protective equipment before storing or re-using.
	hemical properties Solid
Form	
Appearance	Almost silver-white to gray, lustrous, malleable metal; cubic (gray); tetragonal (white); rhomboidal (tin brittle); granules, foil, or powder. At -40 °C crumbles to gray amorphous powder (gray tin); slowly changes back above 20 °C to white tin; brittle at 200 °C.
Odour	Odourless.
Melting Point	231.9 °C.
Boiling Point	2270 °C; 2507 °C; 2602 °C.
Solubility in Water	Insoluble in water.
Solvents	Soluble in hydrochloric acid, sulfuric acid, aqua regia, alkali; slightly soluble in dilute nitric acid.
Specific Gravity	7.265 (white); 5.769 (gray).
Vapour Pressure	1.3332 hPa at 1492 °C.
Viscosity	1.85 mPa.s (cP) @ 240 °C.
Volatile Component	0 %vol @ 21 °C
Surface Tension	544 mN/m (@ 231.9 °C).
Flammability	Non combustible material.
Auto-Ignition Temperature	Dust Cloud: 630 °C; Dust Layer: 430 °C.
Flammable Limits - Lower	> 99.99 % (powder).
Explosion Properties	The finely divided dust may form flammable/explosive mixtures with air. It may present a dust explosion hazard in the presence of an ignition source. Minimum explosible concentration: 0.19 g/l. Particle size and air concentration determine reactivity. Tin reacts violently or explosively with fused ammonium nitrate below 200 °C. Contact of metallic tin with turpentine may cause fires and explosions.
Molecular Weight	118.69.
Other Information	Tin has two allotropic forms at normal pressure; at -40 °C crumbles to gray amorphous powder (gray tin; alpha); slowly changes back above 20 °C to white tin (beta); brittle @ 200 °C. Transformation temp: (beta in equilibrium with alpha) 13.2 °C. Resistivity of white tin: 11.0 $\mu$ -Ohm cm @ 0 °C; 15.5 $\mu$ -Ohm cm @ 100 °C; 20.0 $\mu$ -Ohm cm @ 200 °C; 22.0 $\mu$ -Ohm cm @ mp (solid); 45.0 $\mu$ -Ohm cm @ mp (liquid).
10. Stability and	reactivity
Chemical Stability	Stable against air and water under normal temperatures, pressures and conditions of handling and storage. Powder oxidizes, especially in the presence of air and moisture. At high temperatures, it burns with an intensive white flame and forms tin oxide.
Conditions to Avoid	Excess heat, flames, ignition sources, dust generation and incompatible materials. Powder is air and moisture sensitive.
Incompatible Materials	Oxidizing agents (sodium peroxide and potassium peroxide, potassium dioxide, fused ammonium nitrate below 200 °C, cupric nitrate, in the presence of water), strong acids (generation of hydrogen) (nitric acid, hydrochloric acid), strong bases, halogens and halogen trifluorides (fluorine at 100 °C, heat + chlorine, tin chloride, carbon tetrachloride, in the presence of water vapour, bromine, chlorine trifluoride in the presence of carbon, disulfur dichloride), sulfur, some extinguishing agents such as bicarbonate powder and carbon dioxide, tellurium, turpentine, water + heat, mixtures with air in the presence of an ignition source.
Hazardous Decomposition Products Possibility of hazardous reactions	Toxic and/or irritating fumes and gases, tin/tin oxides. Reacts with strong oxidants. Tin reacts violently or explosively with fused ammonium nitrate below 200 °C. In the presence of water, cupric nitrate and tin foil, on prolonged and intimate contact, will produce flaming and sparking. Sodium peroxide and potassium peroxide, potassium dioxide, oxidize tin with incandescence. Reacts violently with strong acids and some extinguishing agents such as bicarbonate powder and carbon dioxide. Reactive with alkalis. The violent reaction between tin and bromine is

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RE-ISSUED by CHEMSUPP

Product Name : TIN METAL (Foil Granules)

Product Name :	TIN METAL (Foil, Granules)
	Not classified as hazardous
Hazardous Polymerization	controlled in halocarbon solutions. Tin /begins to burn at 100 °C in fluorine. Reaction with chlorine trifluoride, in the presence of carbon, is violent. Reacts violently with bromine trifluoride. Tin reacts violently with lodine Bromide. When heated in Chlorine, Tin reacts, producing light and much heat. Interaction with carbon tetrachloride, in the presence of water vapour, is violent. Interaction with disulfur dichloride is violent. Reaction with sulfur is vigorous and accompanied by incandescence. Contact of metallic tin with turpentine may cause fires and explosions. The reaction between tin and tellurium attains incandescence. Experiments involving explosions of molten tin and water are described. The finely divided dust may form flammable/explosive mixtures with air. It may present a dust explosion hazard in the presence of an ignition source, when exposed to heat or by spontaneous chemical reaction with Br2, BrF3, S, Cl2,ClF3, Cu(NO3), K2O2. Will not occur.
11. Toxicologica	al Information
Ingestion	May be harmful if swallowed. Ingested metallic tin exhibits only moderate toxicity due to poor absorption from the digestive tract and rapid tissue turnover. Ingestion of large doses of powdered tin may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, cramps, vomiting, and diarrhoea (which may be from irritant or astringent action on the stomach), but not permanent injury. Inorganic tin salts, which may form with corrosion depending on a number of factors, including the presence of oxidising agents (oxygen, nitrate) and acids, may cause nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea, may interfere with various enzyme systems and may cause systemic effects on the central nervous system, heart and liver, if ingested in concentrations in excess of 300-500 mg/kg.
Inhalation	Inhalation of tin dust may cause irritation, due to mechanical action, to nose, throat and respiratory tract, with coughing. Inhaled dust or fumes may cause benign, symptomless pneumoconiosis (stannosis). This form of pneumoconiosis produces distinctive progressive x-ray changes of the lung as long as exposure persists, but there is no distinctive fibrosis, no evidence of disability, and no special complicating factors. Inhalation of fumes may cause metal fume fever, which is characterized by flu-like symptoms with metallic taste, fever, chills, cough, weakness, chest pain, muscle pain and increased white blood cell count.
Skin	May cause mild skin irritation, resulting in redness and itchiness.
Eye Carcinogenicity	Dust may cause eye irritation due to mechanical action, with redness and pain. Granules and foil may cause eye damage due to mechanical action. Not listed in the IARC Monographs.
Reproductive Toxicity Chronic Effects	Tin [resp/skin]: animal-possible increase in subtle neurological & skeletal deformities (from: 'Reproductive Hazards of the Workplace' by Linda M. Frazier, MD, MPH & Marvin L. Hage, MD). Prolonged and/or repeated contact may cause irritation and/or dermatitis. Chronic exposure to dust or fumes may have effects on the lungs, resulting in a benign pneumoconiosis (stannosis). This form of pneumoconiosis produces distinctive progressive x-ray changes of the lung as long as exposure persists, but there is no distinctive fibrosis, no evidence of disability, and no special complicating factors.
12. Ecological i	nformation
Ecological Information Ecotoxicity	No ecological problems are to be expected when the product is handled and used with due care and attention. Quantitative data on the ecological effect of this product are not available.
Environmental Protection	Do not allow to enter waters, waste water, or soil!
13. Disposal co	
Disposal Considerations	Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be handled as hazardous waste and disposed of according to relevant local, state and federal government regulations.
14. Transport in	
Transport Information	Not classified as a Dangerous Good according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail.
15. Regulatory	information

15. negulatory n	nonnadon
Regulatory	Not listed under WHS Regulation 2011, Schedule 10 - Prohibited carcinogens, restricted carcinogens
Information	and restricted hazardous chemicals. Listed in the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).
Poisons Schedule	Not Scheduled

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1CH73 Product Name : TIN METAL (Foil, Granules)

Not classified as hazardous

16. Other Inform	nation
Literature	'Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons .', Commonwealth of Australia.
References	Lewis, Richard J. Sr. 'Hawley's Condensed Chemical Dictionary 13th. Ed.', Rev., John Wiley and Sons,
	Inc., NY, 1997.
	National Road Transport Commission, 'Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail 7th. Ed.', 2007.
	Safe Work Australia, 'National Code of Practice fot the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals', 2011.
	Standards Australia, 'SAA/SNZ HB 76:2010 Dangerous Goods - Initial Emergency Response Guide', Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand, 2010.
	Safe Work Australia, 'Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances [NOHSC:1008 (2004)]'.
	Safe Work Australia, 'Hazardous Substances Information System, 2005'.
	Safe Work Australia, 'National Code of Practice for the Labelling of Safe Work Hazardous Substances (2011)'.
	Safe Work Australia, 'National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:1003(1995) 3rd Edition]'.
Contact	Paul McCarthy Ph. (08) 8440 2000 DISCLAIMER STATEMENT:
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