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Infosafe No™

Issue Date : November 2017

RE-ISSUED by CHEMSUPP

Product Name : NICKEL (Foil, Rounds)

1CH4M

	Classified as hazardous
1. Identification	
GHS Product	NICKEL (Foil, Rounds)
Identifier	
Company Name	CHEM-SUPPLY PTY LTD (ABN 19 008 264 211)
Address	38 - 50 Bedford Street GILLMAN SA 5013 Australia
Telephone/Fax	Tel: (08) 8440-2000
Number	Fax: (08) 8440-2001
Recommended use of the chemical and	Alloying element for steel and cast iron, other alloys with high corrosion and temperature resistance, such as nickel brasses and bronzes, and alloys with copper, chromium, aluminum, lead, cobalt, silver,
restrictions on use	and gold, nonferrous alloys and super alloys, in alloys for permanent magnets, electrical resistance
	alloys, electronic and space applications; electrotypes; lightning rod tips; electrical contacts and
	electrodes, spark plugs; in manufacture of monel metal, and nickel chrome resistance wire; component of coinage; used in making desalination plants; armour plate and burglar proof vaults; in surgical and
	dental prostheses; as antistatic coating; used in cooling towers as anodic inhibitor electroplated
	protective coatings; nickel plating; electroplating; electro-formed coatings; alkaline storage battery,
	nickel-cadmium batteries, automotive electric vehicles batteries; fuel cell electrodes; petroleum refining, catalyst for methanation of fuel gases; catalysts in the manufacture of organic chemicals, catalyst for
	hydrogenation of fats and oils; transportation; chemical industry; electrical equipment, in electronic and
	computer equipment; construction; fabricated metal products, household appliances, machinery parts;
Other Names	as constituents of pigments (green tint) in the glass and ceramics industries and laboratory reagent. Name Product Code
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	NICKEL Foil LR NL011
	NICKEL Rounds LR NL013
Other Information	EMERGENCY CONTACT NUMBER: +61 08 8440 2000
	Business hours: 8:30am to 5:00pm, Monday to Friday.
	Chem-Supply Pty Ltd does not warrant that this product is suitable for any use or purpose. The user must ascertain the suitability of the product before use or application intended purpose. Preliminary
	testing of the product before use or application is recommended. Any reliance or purported reliance upon Chem-Supply Pty Ltd with respect to any skill or judgement or advice in relation to the suitability of
	this product of any purpose is disclaimed. Except to the extent prohibited at law, any condition implied by
	any statute as to the merchantable quality of this product or fitness for any purpose is hereby excluded.
	This product is not sold by description. Where the provisions of Part V, Division 2 of the Trade Practices Act apply, the liability of Chem-Supply Pty Ltd is limited to the replacement of supply of equivalent goods
	or payment of the cost of replacing the goods or acquiring equivalent goods.
2. Hazard Identif	ication
GHS classification	Carcinogenicity: Category 2
of the substance/mixture	Specific target organ toxicity Repeated Exposure (Inhalation): Category 1 Sensitization - Skin: Category 1
Signal Word (s)	DANGER
Hazard Statement	H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
(s)	H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
Pictogram (s)	H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Health hazard, Exclamation mark
i lotogram (o)	
Precautionary	P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
statement –	P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
Prevention	P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
	P264 Wash thoroughly after handling. P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
	P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
	P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
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Product Name :	NICKEL (Foil, Round	s)				
		Classified as haz	ardous			
Precautionary statement – Response	P281 Use personal protective equipment as required. P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.					
Precautionary statement – Storage	P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. P405 Store locked up.					
Precautionary statement – Disposal	P501 Dispose of contents	s/container according	to local, state and	federal regulations.		
Other Information	implanted metal prosthes other surgical implants m sensitization; and inflamn	Adverse effects can result from parenteral routes of exposure. Parenteral exposures may occur from implanted metal prostheses, stainless steel needles or contaminated dialysate solutions. Prostheses or other surgical implants made with nickel containing alloys have been reported to cause nickel sensitization; and inflammatory reactions have occurred around nickel-containing prostheses and medical implants. 'Nickel intoxication' from dialysis exposure includes nausea, vomiting, headache, weakness and palpitations.				
	nformation on ingred	dients				
Chemical Characterization	Solid					
Ingredients	<u>Name</u>	CAS	Proportion	Hazard Symbol	<u>Risk Phrase</u>	
	Nickel	7440-02-0	100 %			
4. First-aid meas	ures					
Inhalation	Remove from exposure, r breathing is difficult, give					
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly v DO NOT INDUCE VOMIT	vith water immediately	y, repeat until all tr	aces of product have		
Skin Eye contact	Wash affected areas with wash before re-use. See If contact with the eye(s)	k medical attention in	severe cases, or	if irritation develops.	-	
-	holding eyelid(s) open. Ta medical attention.	ake care not to rinse c	contaminated wate	r into the non-affected	d eye. Seek	
First Aid Facilities Advice to Doctor	Normal washroom facilitie available and ready for us	se.	-		-	
Other Information	Treat symptomatically based on judgement of doctor and individual reactions of the patient. For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (Phone eg Australia 13 1126; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.					
5. Fire-fighting m	,					
Hazards from Combustion	Toxic and/or highly flamm carbon dioxide, nickel oxi			vapours, including ca	rbon monoxide,	
Products Specific Methods	Use extinguishing media most appropriate for the surrounding fire. No limitations to the type of extinguishing media.					
Precautions in connection with Fire	Wear SCBA and structura	al firefighter's uniform				
6. Accidental rele						
Personal Precautions Personal Protection	Avoid inhalation, contact	-	-	ction 8)		
	Wear protective clothing specified for normal operations (see Section 8) Sweep up (avoid generating dust) and using clean non-sparking tools transfer to a clean, suitable, clearly labelled container for disposal in accordance with local regulations.					
7. Handling and	storage					
	 Avoid ingestion and inhal accumulation. Use with a change clothing daily and storage of food or of food 	dequate ventilation. N	Near clean impervard of personal hyg	<i>r</i> ious clothing, gloves, giene. Smoking, drink	and boots; ing, eating,	

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	Classified as hazardous
	be prohibited during work. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. All personnel should remove gloves, if worn, after completion of procedures in which carcinogens have been used. The worker should immediately wash the skin when it becomes contaminated clothing should not be taken home at end of shift, but should remain at employee's place of work for cleaning. In cleaning labs, procedures should be used which do not produce aerosols or dispersal of dust, ie, wet mop or vacuum cleaner equipped with high-efficiency particulate filter on exhaust, which are available commercially, should be used. Sweeping, brushing and use of dry dusters or mops should be prohibited. Doors leading into areas where carcinogens are used should be marked distinctively with appropriate labels. Access limited to authorised personnel. A prominently displayed notice should give the name of the emergency officer and who can inform others (such as firemen) on the handling of carcinogenic substances.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatabilities	Store in original, tightly closed containers, in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances. Protect against physical damage, direct sunlight and moisture. Separate from strong acids.
Corrosiveness	Excellent resistance to corrosion by air, water, and non-oxidizing acids.
Storage Temperatures	Store at room temperature (15 to 25 °C recommended).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limit	<u>Name</u>	S	FEL	Т	WA	
values				m a / 0		Feetnate
	NP 1 1	<u>mg/m3</u>	<u>ppm</u>	<u>mg/m3</u>	<u>ppm</u>	<u>Footnote</u>
	Nickel			1		Nickel, metal
Other Exposure	A time weighted average (TWA) ha	s been estab	lished for N	lickel, metal	(Safe Work	
Information	mg/m ³ . The exposure value at the					particular substance
	when calculated over a normal 8 ho					
	'Sen' notice - sensitiser. The substa					some people. An
Appropriate	affected individual may subsequent In industrial situations maintain the					v he achieved hv
engineering controls	process modification, use of local e	exhaust ventil	ation. captu	iring substar	nces at the	source. or other
	methods.		anon, capie	g easeta		
Respiratory	Where ventilation is not adequate,					
Protection	or mists. Respiratory protection sho					
	selected in accordance with AS 17					
	Devices. Filter capacity and respira planned entry into unknown concer					
	respiratory protection is required, ir	inations a po	nlete resni	ratory protect	tion progra	m including selectio
	fit testing, training, maintenance an				tion progra	
Eye Protection	The use of a face shield, chemical	goggles or sa	afety glasse			
-	Must comply with Australian Standa					
Hand Protection	Hand protection should comply with					ection, use and
Deve en el Drete etime	maintenance. Recommendation:					and and/or anordin
Personal Protective Equipment	Final choice of personal protective to risk assessments undertaken.	equipment w	in depend o	munuual	circumstan	ces anu/or according
Body Protection	Clean clothing or protective clothing	a should be v	vorn Clothi	na for protec	tion agains	t chemicals should
Body I TOLECTION	comply with AS 3765 Clothing for F					
Hygiene Measures	Always wash hands before smoking					clothing and other
,.	protective equipment before storing	or re-using.	U U			C C
9. Physical and c	hemical properties					
Form	Solid					
Appearance	Lustrous, silvery-white to dark gray	, or silvery wi	th a gold tir	nge, hard, ma	alleable me	tal chunks, powder
	face centred cubic crystals.	, ,		0,,		/
Odour	Odourless.					
Melting Point	1455 °C					
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Boiling Point 2730 °C; 2913 °C.

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Product Name : NICKEL (Foil, Rounds)

Solubility in Water	Insoluble.
Solubility in Organic Solvents	Insoluble in ammonia; soluble in dilute nitric acid; slightly soluble in hydrochloric acid and sulfuric acid.
Specific Gravity	8.908
Vapour Pressure	1 Pa (@ 1783 K); 10 Pa (@ 1950 K); 100 Pa (@ 2154 K), 1 mmHg (@ 1810 °C); 1 kPa (@ 2410 K), 10 kPa (@ 2741 K), 100 kPa (@ 3184 K).
Density	Liquid density at m.p.: 7.81 g/cm ³ .
Flammability Explosion Properties	Non combustible material. Very finely divided metal in the fully reduced state can smoulder in the presence of oxygen or air. Dusts at sufficient concentrations can form explosive mixtures with air. Dust can be an explosion hazard when exposed to heat or flame. Metals in contact with acids give off hydrogen gas which may explode in a fire.
Molecular Weight	58.69
Other Information	Electrical resistivity: 6.844 microohms/cm @ 20 °C. Thermal conductivity (300 K): 90.9 W/m·K. Thermal expansion (25 °C): 13.4 μm/m·K. Mohs' hardness 3.8. Latent Heat of Fusion 73 cal/g. Magnetic ordering: ferromagnetic.
10. Stability and	
Chemical Stability	Stable in air under normal conditions, temperatures and pressures. Not affected by water. Heat contributes to instability.
	Incompatible materials, heating, exposure to air, dust generation, wood and other combustibles.
Incompatible Materials	Oxidising agents, acids, hydrochloric acid, sulfuric acid, nitric acid, nitrates, sulfur, and sulfur compounds, selenium, halogens, interhalogens, nitriles (eg. acetonitrile, methyl cyanide), organic solvents, ammonia, hydrazine, phosphorus, aluminium, aluminium trichloride, ethylene, p-dioxan, hydrogen, methanol, non-metals, bromine pentafluoride, ethylene + aluminium, hydrazoic acid, nitryl fluoride, and potassium perchlorate.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Toxic and highly flammable gases and vapours (such as nickel carbonyl).
	Burns in oxygen, forming nickel oxide. Nickel in reducing atmosphere furnace can react with carbon monoxide forming highly toxic nickel carbonyl gas. Mixtures containing potassium perchlorate with nickel and titanium powders and infusorial earth can be ignited giving severe explosions by friction and/or sparksless than those available from static electricity on the human body. Reacts vigorously or explosively with aniline, hydrogen sulfide, flammable solvents, hydrazine, and metal powders (especially zinc, aluminium, and magnesium). If nickel powder comes into contact with bromine pentafluoride at ambient or slightly elevated temperatures, ignition will probably occur. Adding 2-3 drops of approximately 90% peroxyformic acid to powdered nickel will result in an explosion. A mixture of nickel and nitryl fluoride or sulfur or selenium will become incandescent if slightly warmed. Avoid reaction with sulfur compounds. Nickel dust reacts violently with hydrazoic acid. Reacts with dilute oxidizing agents. Reacts violently, in powder form, with oxidants such as ammonium nitrate, causing fire and explosion hazard. Reacts slowly with non-oxidizing acids (dilute hydrochloric or sulfuric acid) and more rapidly with oxidizing acids (nitric acid).
Hazardous Polymerization	Will not occur.
11. Toxicological	
-	LD50 (rat): >9000 mg/kg.
Acute Toxicity - Inhalation Ingestion	 (rat): ~ 0.015 mg/l, Remarks: Nickel Powder caused respiratory irritation. May be harmful if swallowed. Ingestion of large doses may cause gastrointestinal irritation with nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea, tremor, respiratory problems, and death. May cause liver and kidney damage.
	Hyperbilirubinemia and elevated SGPT have been reported. It binds to the anionic glycosaminoglycan sites of the glomerular basement membrane, leading to the loss of selectivity in the filtration of albumin. Changes found in the kidneys of one case included vacuolization of the proximal convoluted tubules, but no tubular necrosis. Blood effects (leukocytosis, reticulocytosis, and erthrocytosis) have been reported. May cause sensitization.

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Product Name :	NICKEL (Foil	l, Rounds)				
		Classified as hazardous				
Inhalation	negligible; a ha dispersed. At h fume fever, whi weakness, che inhalation are o powders, dusts excessive level burning sensat to the nasal mu dividing the inn sore throat, hos alloys or dust h pulmonary oed asthma. Sympt symptoms of as aggravated by	can be absorbed into the body by inhalation of the trmful concentration of airborne particles can, how high temperatures, nickel oxide fumes will be form ich is characterized by flu-like symptoms with me st pain, muscle pain and increased white blood of dizziness, giddiness, and weakness. EEG abnorn e, aerosols and mists of this material may cause r ls of airborne nickel may produce eye, nose, and ion on the lips. Exposure to nickel aerosols, vapou ucosa. Breathing nickel (dust and fume) can cause re nose. Gingivitis, stomatitis, bitter metallic taste arseness cough and shortness of breath are som has been linked to pulmonary irritation, asthma, p ema. Exposure to nickel containing vapours has forms were attributed to hypersensitivity to nickel of sthma often do not become manifest until a few h physical effort. Inhalation of fumes may cause pr	wever, be reached quickly weed. Inhalation of fumes matallic taste, fever, chills, courd tallic taste, fever, chills, courd taste, fever, chills, cou	vhen y cau igh, after Inha posu shes with c e' (se 'anos of nic fibros ated v The v are	latior re to and a lama ptum mia, ckel sis ar with	n of a age 1) nd
Skin	May cause mee excessive level cause Contact evident upon re hypersensitivity penetrate skin from permeabil itch'), burning a eruptions) after urticaria, erythe Delayed type h population in E throughout the rising prevalence ear piercing. Ni	ome has occurred. chanical to severe irritation, possible burns and d ls of airborne nickel may produce skin rashes and dermatitis or hypersensitivity, possibly severe, ar e-exposure to this material and which occurs in sev dermatitis may be initiated by contact with nicked at sweat-duct and hair follicle ostia, and bind with lity of dermis and epidermis to nickel. Exposure of and itching sensation, erythema, papules, eczema r 1 to 2 days of continuous contact, and may also ema multiforme, and hand eczema. Once acquire ypersensitivity to nickel is one of the most comm urope and 5.8% in the United States are allergic world have a high prevalence of nickel sensitivity ce in some European countries approaching 20% ickel and its inorganic compounds can be absorb use intoxication.	d a burning sensation on the allergic reaction, which be ensitized individuals. Nickel of the skin. Divalent nickel a keratin. Contact dermatitis an result in localized pruritu a and possibly vesicles (not be linked to conjunctivitis, ed, nickel sensitivity usually on allergies. About 4.5% of to this metal. Patch test clir y, in the range of 10% with a b to 30%. This is undoubted	e lips. come el ions thus is ('ni- dular asthn persi- the g nics a sign ly rel-	es can resu ckel na, sts. ener ificar ated	ral ntly to
Eye		sols may cause eye irritation. High levels of airbo	rne nickel may cause conju	nctivit	tis ar	۱d
Carcinogenicity	2B: Possibly ca R40(3) Carcino Listed as a carc Category 3 - Su respect of whic is some eviden Category 2.	[7440-02-0] and alloys is evaluated in the IARC arcinogenic to humans. ogen Category 3, Harmful - Limited evidence of a cinogen, category 3 in List of Designated Hazard ubstances that cause concern for man owing to p th the available information is not adequate for m the from appropriate animal studies, but this is ins velopmental Toxicant: US EPA. Roadmaps to Sou	carcinogenic effect Work ous Substances, - NOHSC ossible carcinogenic effect aking a satisfactory assess sufficient to place the subst	safe s but ment. ance	Aust. in The in	re

rmation on Chemicals Listed in the Emergency Planning Community and Community Right-to-Know Act (Also Known as SARA Title Toxicity 3), Section 313 Toxic Release Inventory (for Microcomputers). (Report Number EPADFDK92040). 1991. Nickel salts are reported to be animal teratogens. Increased incidence of stillbirth and neonatal mortality of rat offspring were associated with maternal consumption of nickel chloride solutions prior to mating and during gestation. Nickel has been found in breast milk. Oral administration of nickel sulfate to rats caused decreased testicular, prostate, and seminal vesicle size as well as abnormalities of sperm and decreased sperm count.

Chronic Effects Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause sensitization dermatitis (eczema) and possible destruction and/or ulceration. Repeated or prolonged inhalation exposure may cause chronic irritation of upper respiratory tract, rhinitis, sinusitis, nasal septal perforations, loss of sense of smell, a general low resistance to chest infection leading to more serious lung disorders, bronchial asthma, pulmonary fibrosis, and pneumoconiosis. Lungs may be affected by repeated or prolonged exposure. Longterm inhalation exposure to metallic nickel caused mucosal damage and inflammatory reaction, sometimes accompanied by slight fibrosis, was observed in rabbits after high level exposure to nickel graphite dust. May cause respiratory tract cancer and increased risk of nasal and lung cancer. Nickel [resp/oral]: human-mutagen, decline in semen parameters, animal-embryolethal, increased rate

Mutagenicity

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Product Name :	NICKEL (Foil,	Rounds)	
		Classified as hazardous	
Other Information	Linda M. Frazier, HUMAN HEALTH	tardation and skeletal anomalies (From: ôRepr , MD, MPH & Marvin L. Hage, MD). H TIER II ASSESSMENT FOR Nickel - NICNAS as.gov.au/chemical-information/imap-assessme	
12. Ecological ir	nformation		
Ecological Information	expected when h expected when t	solubility of the product, no harmful effects on p handled and used with due care and attention. he product is handled and used with due care a	No ecological problems are to be and attention.
Ecotoxicity		a on the ecological effect of this product are not	
Persistence and degradability	environment.	nd to suggest that nickel is involved in any biolo	ogical transformation in the aquatic
Bioaccumulative Potential	This material is r	not expected to significantly bioaccumulate.	
Environmental Protection	Do not allow to e	nter waters, waste water, or soil!	
13. Disposal cor	nsiderations		
Disposal Considerations	Dispose of accor	ding to relevant local, state and federal govern	ment regulations.
Waste Disposal		ble; otherwise use hazardous waste disposal si nide, selenide, should be encapsulated before	
Other Information	Precipitation is th waters. Precipita used to treat con metal containing aqueous metal b	tion processes include hydroxide, lime and/or s nplex metals such as nickel, copper, hexavalen cyanide, and mercury. Adsorption has shown p earing wastes. Activated carbon, activated alur poration, ion-exchange, reverse osmosis, electi	kic heavy metals from electroplating sulfide treatment. Chemical reduction is t chromium waste, soluble lead, silver, potential for treating and polishing mina, and iron filings are all applicable
	waste reduction	and recovery techniques applicable to metal be	
14. Transport in			
Transport Information	Not classified as Goods by Road a	a Dangerous Good according to the Australian and Rail.	Code for the Transport of Dangerous
15. Regulatory i			
Regulatory Information Poisons Schedule	2011, Schedule Not Scheduled	tralian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS 10 - Prohibited carcinogens, restricted carcinog	
Hazard Category	Toxic,Irritant		
16. Other Inform		Uniform Calenduling of Madiairaa and Daiaaaa	No. 151 Commonwealth of Averagia
Literature References	November 2016. Lewis, Richard J Inc., NY, 1997. National Road Tr and Rail 7th. Ed. Safe Work Austr Chemicals', 2011 Standards Austra Standards Austra Safe Work Austr Safe Work Austr Safe Work Austr (2011)'. Safe Work Austr	. Sr. 'Hawley's Condensed Chemical Dictionary ransport Commission, 'Australian Code for the ', 2007. alia, 'National Code of Practice fot the Preparat alia, 'SAA/SNZ HB 76:2010 Dangerous Goods - alia/Standards New Zealand, 2010. ralia, 'Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardo ralia, 'Hazardous Substances Information Syste ralia, 'National Code of Practice for the Labellin alia, 'National Exposure Standards for Atmosph	v 13th. Ed.', Rev., John Wiley and Sons, Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road tion of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous - Initial Emergency Response Guide', ous Substances [NOHSC:1008 (2004)]'. em, 2005'. g of Safe Work Hazardous Substances
Contact Person/Point	Environment [NC Paul McCarthy P	DHSC:1003(1995) 3rd Edition]'. h. (08) 8440 2000 DISCLAIMER STATEMEN rovided in this data sheet or by our technical rej	Т:

Person/Point All information provided in this data sheet or by our technical representatives is compiled from the best

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Empirical Formula & Ni. Structural Formula

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