# Safety Data Sheet

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Infosafe No™

Issue Date : October 2017

RE-ISSUED by CHEMSUPP

Product Name : MERCURY DECONTAMINANT

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### Classified as hazardous

1. Identification		<u> </u>
GHS Product	MERCURY DECONTAMINANT	—
Identifier		
Company Name Address	CHEM-SUPPLY PTY LTD (ABN 19 008 264 211) 38 - 50 Bedford Street GILLMAN	
Address	SA 5013 Australia	
Telephone/Fax	Tel: (08) 8440-2000	
Number	Fax: (08) 8440-2001	
Recommended use of the chemical and	Adsorbant for assisting in clean-up of mercury spills.	
restrictions on use		
Other Names	Name Product Code	
	MERCURY DECONTAMINANT MT056	
Other Information		
Other Information	EMERGENCY CONTACT NUMBER: +61 08 8440 2000 Business hours: 8:30am to 5:00pm, Monday to Friday.	
	Chem-Supply Pty Ltd does not warrant that this product is suitable for any use or purpose. The user	
	must ascertain the suitability of the product before use or application intended purpose. Preliminary testing of the product before use or application is recommended. Any reliance or purported reliance	
	upon Chem-Supply Pty Ltd with respect to any skill or judgement or advice in relation to the suitability	
	this product of any purpose is disclaimed. Except to the extent prohibited at law, any condition implied any statute as to the merchantable quality of this product or fitness for any purpose is hereby exclude	
	This product is not sold by description. Where the provisions of Part V, Division 2 of the Trade Practic	
	Act apply, the liability of Chem-Supply Pty Ltd is limited to the replacement of supply of equivalent good	
	or payment of the cost of replacing the goods or acquiring equivalent goods.	
2. Hazard Identifi		
GHS classification	Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 1	
of the substance/mixture	Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity - Single Exposure Category 3 (respiratory tract irritation)	
Signal Word (s)	DANGER	
Hazard Statement	H315 Causes skin irritation.	
(s)	H318 Causes serious eye damage.	
Pictogram (s)	H335 May cause respiratory irritation. Corrosion, Exclamation mark	
i lotogram (o)		
Precautionary	P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.	
statement –	P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.	
Prevention	P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.	
Precautionary	P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.	
statement –	P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.	
Response	P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.	
	P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.	
	P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	
	P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lens	es,
	if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.	
Precautionary	P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.	
	P405 Store locked up.	

Print Date: 25/10/2017

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Product Name : **MERCURY DECONTAMINANT** 

		Classified as ha	zardous		
Precautionary statement – Disposal	P501 Dispose of contents/container according to local, state and federal regulations.				
3. Composition	/information on ingre	dients			
Chemical Characterization	Solid				
Ingredients	<u>Name</u>	CAS	<b>Proportion</b>	Hazard Symbol	<u>Risk Phrase</u>
	Sulfur Calcium hydroxide	7704-34-9 1305-62-0	40-60 % 40-60 %		
4. First-aid mea	,				
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove from contaminated area to fresh air immediately. Apply artificial respiration if no breathing. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Immediately obtain medical aid if cough or other				

#### symptoms appear. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water immediately, repeat until all traces of product have been removed. Ingestion DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Seek medical advice if effects persist. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before re-use. Make Skin sure all traces of material are removed. If rapid recovery does not occur, obtain medical attention Eye contact Immediately irrigate with copious quantity of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids to be held open. If rapid recovery does not occur, obtain medical attention **First Aid Facilities** Maintain eyewash fountain and drench facilities in work area. Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically based on judgement of doctor and individual reactions of the patient.

For advice. contact a Poisons Information Centre (Phone eg Australia 13 1126; New Zealand 0800 764 **Other Information** 766) or a doctor.

# Eiro fighting mooourog

5. Fire-fighting n	neasures
Hazards from Combustion Products	Sulfur oxides, calcium oxide, hydrogen sulfide gas.
Specific Methods	Small fire: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray or foam. Large fire: Use water spray, fog or foam. If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from the fire area. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after the fire is out.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	May be ignited by friction, heat, sparks or flame. Vapours, dust, borings or turnings may form combustible mixtures with air. May burn fiercely. May re-ignite after fire is extinguished. Fire may produce irritating, poisonous and/or corrosive gases. Containers may explode when heated. Runoff may pollute waterways. May be transported in a molten form. Solids may melt and flow when heated or involved in a fire.
Precautions in connection with Fire	Wear SCBA and chemical splash suit. Structural firefighter's uniform may provide limited protection. e

### 6. Accidental release measures

Spills & Disposal	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames) within at least 15m. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Prevent entry into waterways, drains or confined areas. Obtain expert advice on use of water as spilled material may be water-reactive. Prevent dust cloud. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material and place it into loosely-covered metal or plastic containers for later disposal. SEEK EXPERT ADVICE ON HANDLING AND DISPOSAL.
Personal Precautions Personal Protection	Avoid substance contact. Avoid generation of dusts: do not inhale dusts. Ensure supply of fresh air in enclosed rooms.
Clean-up Methods - Small Spillages Other Information	Sweep up (avoid generating dust) and using clean non-sparking tools transfer to a clean, suitable, clearly labelled container for disposal in accordance with local regulations. Note: Suitable disposal measures must be taken if the material has been used to decontaminate a mercury spill. Seek expert advice on handling and disposal.

#### 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for Safe Avoid ingestion and inhalation of vapours or dusts. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Prevent deposition of dust; closed system, dust explosion-proof Handling electrical equipment and lighting. Keep container tightly closed. Use with adequate ventilation. In case of

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**RE-ISSUED by CHEMSUPP** Infosafe No™ 1CHDO Issue Date : October 2017 Product Name : **MERCURY DECONTAMINANT** Classified as hazardous insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Wear suitable protective clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Avoid contact with incompatible materials that support combustion such as strong oxidising agents. Keep away from incompatibles such as metals. Keep away from sources of heat or ignition - No smoking. Store in tightly closed, suitable, labelled, air-tight, water-tight containers, in a cool, dry, well-ventilated Conditions for safe area away from incompatible substances. Store away from strong oxidants, chlorates, nitrates, other storage, including oxidizing materials and hydrocarbons. Keep away from heat and all sources of ignition. Store away from any combustible materials. Store out of direct sunlight. Protect against physical damage. Keep containers incompatabilities closed when not in use and when empty.

Corrosiveness Corrosivity to Metals: Corrosive to aluminium. Not corrosive to certain grades of stainless steel (302, 304, 316, 410, 430) at room temperature and to nickel-chromium-molybdenum alloy. - Calcium hydroxide. Calcium hydroxide reacts readily with carbon dioxide in air to form calcium carbonate. Attacks some metals.

Sulfur is not considered corrosive to the usual construction materials. However, acid-generating impurities, which may be introduced in handling and storage, create corrosive conditions.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	trols/personal protection					
Occupational	<u>Name</u>	S	EL	т	WA	
exposure limit						
values						
		<u>mg/m3</u>	<u>ppm</u>	<u>mg/m3</u>	<u>ppm</u>	<b>Footnote</b>
	Calcium hydroxide			5		
Other Exposure	A time weighted average (TWA) has	s been estab	lished for C	alcium hydro	oxide (Safe	Work Australia) of 5
Information	mg/m <sup>3</sup> . The exposure value at the T	WA is the av	erage airbo	orne concent	ration of a	particular substance
	when calculated over a normal 8 ho	ur working d	ay for a 5 d	ay working w	veek.	
Appropriate	In industrial situations maintain the	concentratio	ns values b	elow the TW	A. This ma	y be achieved by
engineering controls	process modification, use of local e	xhaust ventil	ation, captu	iring substan	ces at the	source, or other
<b>-</b>	methods.					
Respiratory	Where ventilation is not adequate, r					
Protection	or mists. Respiratory protection sho					
	selected in accordance with AS 171					
	Devices. Filter capacity and respirator type depends on exposure levels. In event of emergency or					
	planned entry into unknown concentrations a positive pressure, full-facepiece SCBA should be used. If					
	respiratory protection is required, institute a complete respiratory protection program including selection, fit testing, training, maintenance and inspection.					
Eye Protection	The use of a face shield, chemical g		foty alasso	e with side s	hield prote	ction as appropriate
Eye Frotection	Must comply with Australian Standa					
Hand Protection	Hand protection should comply with					
nana i rotection	maintenance. Recommendation:					
Personal Protective	Final choice of personal protective			•		
Equipment	to risk assessments undertaken.	squipinont n	aspena e		en eunetan	eee alla, el accoralig
Body Protection	Flame retardant antistatic protective	clothing Cl	ean clothing	a or protectiv	e clothina	should be worn
2003	preferably with an apron. Clothing for					
	for Protection Against Hazardous C					
Hygiene Measures	Always wash hands before smoking		sing the toil	et. Wash co	ntaminated	clothing and other
,	protective equipment before storing		0			0

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

Form	Solid
Appearance	Light yellowish to pale brownish powder.
Odour	Faint odour.

#### 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical Stability	Stable under ordinary conditions of use and storage. Sulfur is sensitive to heat and moisture. Calcium
Conditions to Avoid	hydroxide is also moisture sensitive. High temperatures, heat, ignition sources, dust generation, exposure to air and moisture, incompatible materials.



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Product Name :	MERCURY D	ECONTAMINANT		
		Classified as hazardous		
Incompatible	Alkali metals, a	kaline earth metals, metals, metallic oxides, nor	n metals, nonmetallic oxides, fluorine,	
Materials	sulfides, lithium compounds; wit perchlorates, pe	n compounds, oxidizing agents, peroxi compour silicide, silicon compounds, carbon disulfide, et in mineral acids and oxidizing agents (could forn ermanganates, strong acids (e.g. sulfuric acid), r itroethane, nitropropane) and phosphorus.	hers, acetylidene, organic nitro n sulfuric acid); chlorates, nitrates,	
Hazardous Decomposition		calcium carbonate, sulfur oxides (SOx), includin	g sulfur oxide and sulfur dioxide.	
Products Possibility of	May react viole	ntly with strong acids (e.g. sulfuric acid). May rea	act explosively with maleic anhydride with	
hazardous reactions		ity with strong acids (e.g. suitaite acid). May rec		
Hazardous Polymerization	Will not occur.			
-	Information			
11. Toxicological Ingestion		irning sensation, mild corrosion of the mouth, the	roat and oesophagus. Symptoms may	
Inhalation	include diarrhoe nausea and pos the intestines.	ea and stomach cramps. Ingestion of large amou ssible unconsciousness in severe cases. May be	unts may cause sore throat, headache, e converted to toxic hydrogen sulfide in	
	coughing, snee evoke some tise potentially reve	ritating to the nose, throat, upper respiratory trac zing or laboured breathing. May lead to asthma, sue response in the lung upon inhalation of suffi- rsible and leaves no scar tissue.	angioneurotic oedema and hives. May cient amounts. However, this reaction is	
Skin	topic eczema, a	ning sensation, irritation and inflammation. Prolo Ingioneurotic oedema and hives.		
Eye Carcinogenicity	Causes burns. Risk of serious damage to eye. Causes irritation. Not listed in the IARC Monographs.			
Chronic Effects	Chronic exposu	re may lead to irritation of mucous membranes, na. May cause possible skin sensitization and pe		
12. Ecological in	formation			
Ecotoxicity Persistence and	Harmful effect of (calcium hydro) Methods for the	lue to pH shift (calcium hydroxide). Forms corros ide). Neutralisation possible in waste water trea determination of biodegradability are not applic	tment plants (calcium hydroxide).	
degradability Bioaccumulative	hydroxide). Concentration i	n organisms is not to be expected (calcium hydr	oxide)	
Potential				
Environmental Protection	Do not allow to	enter waters, waste water, or soil!		
13. Disposal con	siderations			
Disposal		ording to relevant local, state and federal govern	ment regulations.	
Considerations	-			
14. Transport info				
Transport Information	Not classified a Goods by Road	s a Dangerous Good according to the Australian and Rail.	Code for the Transport of Dangerous	
15. Regulatory in				
Poisons Schedule	Not Scheduled			
16. Other Information	ation			
Literature References	November 2016 Lewis, Richard	e Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons 3. J. Sr. 'Hawley's Condensed Chemical Dictionary		
	Inc., NY, 1997. National Road	Fransport Commission, 'Australian Code for the	Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road	

Safe Work Australia, 'National Code of Practice fot the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous

and Rail 7th. Ed.', 2007.

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	Chemicals', 2011.
	Standards Australia, 'SAA/SNZ HB 76:2010 Dangerous Goods - Initial Emergency Response Guide',
	Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand, 2010.
	Safe Work Australia, 'Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances [NOHSC:1008 (2004)]'.
	Safe Work Australia, 'Hazardous Substances Information System, 2005'.
	Safe Work Australia, National Code of Practice for the Labelling of Safe Work Hazardous Substances
	(2011)'.
	Safe Work Australia, 'National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational
0	Environment [NOHSC:1003(1995) 3rd Edition]'.
Contact	Paul McCarthy Ph. (08) 8440 2000 DISCLAIMER STATEMENT:
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