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RE-ISSUED by CHEMSUPP Infosafe No™ 1CHK8 Issue Date: August 2017

MAGNESIUM PERCHLORATE Anhydrous Product Name:

Classified as hazardous

1. Identification

GHS Product

MAGNESIUM PERCHLORATE Anhydrous

Identifier

CHEM-SUPPLY PTY LTD (ABN 19 008 264 211) **Company Name**

38 - 50 Bedford Street GILLMAN **Address**

SA 5013 Australia

Telephone/Fax Tel: (08) 8440-2000 Fax: (08) 8440-2001 Number

Oxidising agent, regenerable drying agent for gases and laboratory reagent. Recommended use

of the chemical and restrictions on use

Other Names Name Product Code

MAGNESIUM PERCHLORATE Anhydrous Granular AR Other Information **EMERGENCY CONTACT NUMBER:** +61 08 8440 2000

Business hours: 8:30am to 5:00pm, Monday to Friday.

Chem-Supply Pty Ltd does not warrant that this product is suitable for any use or purpose. The user must ascertain the suitability of the product before use or application intended purpose. Preliminary testing of the product before use or application is recommended. Any reliance or purported reliance upon Chem-Supply Pty Ltd with respect to any skill or judgement or advice in relation to the suitability of this product of any purpose is disclaimed. Except to the extent prohibited at law, any condition implied by any statute as to the merchantable quality of this product or fitness for any purpose is hereby excluded. This product is not sold by description. Where the provisions of Part V, Division 2 of the Trade Practices Act apply, the liability of Chem-Supply Pty Ltd is limited to the replacement of supply of equivalent goods or payment of the cost of replacing the goods or acquiring equivalent goods.

MA080

2. Hazard Identification

GHS classification Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2A

Oxidizing Solids: Category 2 of the

Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure Category 3 (respiratory tract irritation) substance/mixture

DANGER Signal Word (s)

Hazard Statement

(s)

H272 May intensify fire; oxidiser. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation. Exclamation mark, Flame over circle

Pictogram (s)





Precautionary P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P220 Keep/Store away from clothing/.../combustible materials. statement -P221 Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles. Prevention P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Precautionary statement -

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Response

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use USE FLOODING QUANTITIES OF WATER for extinction.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. **Precautionary** statement - Storage P405 Store locked up.



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Precautionary statement -

P501 Dispose of contents/container according to local, state and federal regulations.

Disposal

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Solid Characterization

Ingredients Name CAS **Proportion Hazard Symbol Risk Phrase**

> Magnesium perchlorate 10034-81-8 100 %

4. First-aid measures

If inhaled, remove from contaminated area to fresh air immediately. Apply artificial respiration if not Inhalation

breathing. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical aid if cough or other symptoms appear.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water immediately, repeat until all traces of product have been removed. Give water to drink. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Seek medical advice if symptoms persist.

Wash affected areas with copious quantities of water immediately. Remove contaminated clothing and Skin

wash before re-use. If irritation occurs seek medical advice.

Immediately irrigate with copious quantity of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids to be held open. Eye contact

Seek medical attention.

First Aid Facilities Maintain eyewash fountain and drench facilities in work area.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically based on judgement of doctor and individual reactions of the patient.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed Irritant effects, cough, shortness of breath, CNS disorders

Other Information For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (Phone eg Australia 13 1126; New Zealand 0800 764

766) or a doctor.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Specific Methods Small fire: USE FLOODING QUANTITIES OF WATER. Do not use dry chemicals, CO2 or foam. If safe

to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Do not move cargo if cargo has been exposed to

Large fire: Flood fire area with water from a protected position. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out - If impossible, withdraw from area and let fire burn. Avoid getting water

inside containers: a violent reaction may occur. Dam fire control water for later disposal.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Will accelerate burning when involved in a fire. May explode on heating, shock, friction or contamination. Some will react explosively with hydrocarbons (fuels). May ignite combustibles (wood, paper, clothing, etc). Fire may produce irritating, poisonous, and/or corrosive gases. Containers may explode on heating.

Runoff may create fire or explosion hazard.

Hazchem Code 1Y 251 °C Decomposition

Temp.

Precautions in

Wear SCBA and chemical splash suit. Structural firefighter's uniform will provide limited protection.

connection with Fire

6. Accidental release measures

Spills & Disposal Do not contaminate. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, clothing, oil, etc.) away from the spilled material.

Do NOT touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

Prevent entry into waterways, drains or confined areas. Prevent exposure to heat.

Dry Spill: Use clean non-sparking tools to transfer material to a clean, dry plastic container and cover

loosely. Move container from spill area.

SEEK EXPERT ADVICE ON HANDLING AND DISPOSAL.

Personal Avoid substance contact. Avoid generation of dusts: do not inhale dusts. Ensure supply of fresh air in

enclosed rooms. **Precautions**

Personal Protection Wear protective clothing specified for normal operations (see Section 8)

Clean-up Methods -**Small Spillages**

Sweep up (avoid generating dust) and using clean non-sparking tools transfer to a clean, suitable,

clearly labelled container for disposal in accordance with local regulations.

Environmental

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent from entering into drains, ditches, rivers or

Precautions the sea.



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7. Handling and storage

Precautions for Safe Ensure the appropriate personal protective equipment is used when handling this material. Do not Handling

breathe dust. Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Avoid prolonged or repeated exposure. Use in

well ventilated areas.

Conditions for safe storage, including

Store in a cool,dry place. Store away from combustible materials. Keep containers closed at all times.

Keep in a well-ventilated place

incompatabilities

Storage Regulations Refer Australian Standard AS 4326 - 1995 'The storage and handling of oxidizing agents'.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other Exposure A time weighted average (TWA) concentration for an 8 hour day, and 5 day week has not been Information

established by Safe Work Australia for this product. There is a blanket limit of 10 mg/m3 for dusts or

mists when limits have not otherwise been established.

Use with adequate ventilation. Local exhaust ventilation system may be required. **Appropriate**

engineering controls In industrial situations maintain the concentrations values below the TWA. This may be achieved by

process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other

Where ventilation is not adequate, respiratory protection may be required. Avoid breathing dust, vapours Respiratory **Protection**

or mists. Respiratory protection should comply with AS 1716 - Respiratory Protective Devices and be selected in accordance with AS 1715 - Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices. Filter capacity and respirator type depends on exposure levels. In event of emergency or planned entry into unknown concentrations a positive pressure, full-facepiece SCBA should be used. If

respiratory protection is required, institute a complete respiratory protection program including selection,

fit testing, training, maintenance and inspection.

Eye Protection Safety glasses.

The use of a face shield, chemical goggles or safety glasses with side shield protection as appropriate. Must comply with Australian Standards AS 1337 and be selected and used in accordance with AS 1336.

Hand Protection Hand protection should comply with AS 2161, Occupational protective gloves - Selection, use and

maintenance.

Personal Protective

Equipment

Hygiene Measures

Final choice of personal protective equipment will depend on individual circumstances and/or according

to risk assessments undertaken.

Footwear Safety boots in industrial situations is advisory, foot protection should comply with AS 2210,

Occupational protective footwear - Guide to selection, care and use.

Clean clothing or protective clothing should be worn, preferably with an apron. Clothing for protection **Body Protection**

> against chemicals should comply with AS 3765 Clothing for Protection Against Hazardous Chemicals. Always wash hands before smoking, eating or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other

protective equipment before storing or re-using.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Form Solid Colour White Odour Odourless **Decomposition** 251 °C

Temperature

Melting Point 250°C

Solubility in Water Very soluble.

Solubility in Organic Very soluble in alcohol.

Solvents

2.21 **Specific Gravity**

Density 2.21 g/cm3

Flammability Not combustible but assists combustion of other substances.

Molecular Weight 223.21 **Oxidising Properties Oxidizing**

10. Stability and reactivity



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Chemical Stability Stable under normal use conditons. Moisture sensitive.

Conditions to Avoid Exposure to water or moisture, combustile materials and incompatible materials.

Incompatible **Materials**

Water, trimethyl phosphite, strong acids, combustible material, reducing agents, sulfur, finely divided

metals, benzene, calcium hydride, charcoal, olefins, ethanol, SrH2 and sulfuric acid.

Hazardous Decomposition **Products**

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. Hydrogen chloride gas. Phosgene.

Possibility of

Contact with combustible material, sulfur or finely divided metals may form explosive mixture. Reacts hazardous reactions violently with benzene, calcium hydride, charcoal, olefins, ethanol, SrH2, sulfuric acid and water. May explode on contact with trimethyl phosphite. Explosions have followed the use of the anhydrous salt for

drying organic solvents and solutions of organic compounds in such solvents.

11. Toxicological Information

Ingestion May cause severe internal damage. May cause burning sensation in the soft mucous tissues of the

mouth and throat, nausea, vomiting, severe gastric irritation, methemoglobinemia, cyanosis (bluish

discoloration of skin due to deficient oxygenation of the blood), convulsions and death.

Methemoglobinemia is characterized by dizziness, drowsiness, headache, breath shortness, cyanosis with bluish skin, rapid heart rate and chocolate-brown colored blood. May cause central nervous system

Irritating to respiratory system. May cause effects similar to those described for Acute-Swallowed. Inhalation

Skin Irritating to skin. Irritating to eyes. Eve

12. Ecological information

No ecological data available for this product. **Ecotoxicity**

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal Dispose of according to relevant local, state and federal government regulations.

Considerations

14. Transport information

Transport Information Dangerous goods of Class 5.1 (Oxidizing Agent) are incompatible in a placard load with any of the

following:

Class 1, Class 2.1, Class 2.3, Class 3, Class 4, Class 5.2, Class 7, Class 8, Fire risk substances and

Combustible liquids.

U.N. Number 1475

UN proper shipping

MAGNESIUM PERCHLORATE

name

Transport hazard

5.1

class(es) **Hazchem Code**

1Y 3.8.5.1

Packaging Method

Packing Group EPG Number

Ш

5A1

IERG Number

31

15. Regulatory information

Regulatory Information Listed in the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

Poisons Schedule

Not Scheduled

16. Other Information

Literature References Commonwealth Department of Health and Aged Care, 'Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons No.16', AusInfo, Canberra 2001.

Lewis, Richard J. Sr. 'Hawley's Condensed Chemical Dictionary 13th. Ed.', Rev., John Wiley & Sons,

Inc., NY, 1997.

National Road Transport Commission, 'Australian Dangerous Goods Code 6th. Ed.', AGPS, Canberra,





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1998.

South Australia Government, 'Approved Code of Practice for the Labelling of Workplace Substances',

Standards Australia, 'SAA/SNZ HB76:1997 Dangerous Goods - Initial Emergency Response Guide',

Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand, 1997.

Worksafe Australia, 'Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances [NOHSC:1008(1999)]'.

AusInfo, Canberra 1999.

Worksafe Australia, 'List of Designated Hazardous Substances [NOHSC:10005(1999)]', AusInfo,

Canberra 1999.

Worksafe Australia, 'National Code of Practice for the Labelling of Workplace Substances

[NOHSC:2012(1994)]', AGPS, Canberra 1994.

Worksafe Australia, 'National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational

Environment [NOHSC:1003(1995)]', AusInfo, Canberra 1995.

Contact Person/Point Paul McCarthy Ph. (08) 8440 2000 DISCLAIMER STATEMENT: All information provided in this data sheet or by our technical representatives is compiled from the best

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Empirical Formula & Mg(ClO4)2

Structural Formula

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