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Product Code

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RE-ISSUED by CHEMSUPP Infosafe No™ 3CH70 Issue Date: September 2019

Product Name: **FORMAMIDE**

Classified as hazardous

1. Identification

GHS Product

Company Name

FORMAMIDE

Identifier

CHEM-SUPPLY PTY LTD (ABN 19 008 264 211)

38 - 50 Bedford Street GILLMAN **Address**

Name

SA 5013 Australia Tel: (08) 8440-2000

Telephone/Fax Number

Fax: (08) 8440-2001

Emergency phone number

Other Names

CHEMCALL 1800 127 406 (Australia) / +64-4-917-9888 (International)

FL077 FORMAMIDE LR

Other Information

Chem-Supply Pty Ltd does not warrant that this product is suitable for any use or purpose. The user must ascertain the suitability of the product before use or application intended purpose. Preliminary testing of the product before use or application is recommended. Any reliance or purported reliance upon Chem-Supply Pty Ltd with respect to any skill or judgement or advice in relation to the suitability of this product of any purpose is disclaimed. Except to the extent prohibited at law, any condition implied by any statute as to the merchantable quality of this product or fitness for any purpose is hereby excluded. This product is not sold by description. Where the provisions of Part V, Division 2 of the Trade Practices Act apply, the liability of Chem-Supply Pty Ltd is limited to the replacement of supply of equivalent goods or payment of the cost of replacing the goods or acquiring equivalent goods.

2. Hazard Identification

GHS classification

Toxic to Reproduction: Category 1B

of the

Specific target organ toxicity - Repeated Exposure, Oral Category 2, Blood

substance/mixture

Signal Word (s) **DANGER**

Hazard Statement H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.

H373 May cause damage to organs (Blood) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Health hazard Pictogram (s)



Precautionary

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

statement -

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Prevention

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.

Precautionary

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

statement -Response

Precautionary P405 Store locked up.

statement - Storage **Precautionary**

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

statement -Disposal

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical

Liquid

Characterization

Ingredients CAS **Proportion Hazard Symbol Risk Phrase** Name

> Formamide 75-12-7 100 %

4. First-aid measures

If inhaled, remove from contaminated area to fresh air immediately. Apply artificial respiration if not Inhalation

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breathing. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical aid if cough or other symptoms appear. Ingestion

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water immediately, repeat until all traces of product have been removed.

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Seek immediate medical advice.

Skin Wash skin with water using soap if available. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.

Seek medical advice if effects persist.

Eve contact Wash with large amounts of water for approximately 15 minutes, holding eyelids open. Seek medical

attention if irritation develops or persist.

Maintain eyewash fountain and safety shower in work area. **First Aid Facilities**

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically based on judgement of doctor and individual reactions of the patient.

For advice, contact the National Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand Other Information

0800 764 766) or a doctor.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Hazards from May librate toxic fumes in fire including carbon monoxide, hydrogen cyanide, ammonia and nitrogen

Combustion oxides. **Products**

Specific Methods Small fire: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray.

Large fire: The use of water spray or foam.

If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from the fire area. Cool containers with flooding quantities

of water until well after the fire is out.

Specific hazards arising from the

May burn but do not ignite readily. Funoff may pollute waterways. Fire may produce irritating, poisonous

and/or corrosive gases.

chemical

Decomposition >180 ºC

Temp.

Wear SCBA and structural firefigher's uniform. Precautions in

connection with Fire

6. Accidental release measures

Do NOT touch or walk through this product. Stop leak if safe to do so. Prevent entry into waterways, Spills & Disposal

drains, confined areas.

Evacuate the area of all non-essential personnel. Avoid inhalation, contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Personal

Precautions

Personal Protection Wear protective clothing specified for normal operations (see Section 8)

Clean-up Methods -**Small Spillages**

Absorb or contain liquid with sand, earth or spill control material. Shovel up using non sparking tools and place in a labelled, sealable container for subsequent safe disposal. Put leaking containers in a labelled

drum or overdrum.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for Safe Use in well ventilated areas away from all ignition sources. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear Handling

suitable respiratory equipment. Wash hands and face thoroughly after working with material. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep material away from sparks, flames and other ignition

sources.

Conditions for safe storage, including

Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place Keep away from sources of ignition.

Protect from direct sunlight and moisture.

incompatabilities

Corrosiveness Corrosive to metasl and natural rubber.

Hygroscopic liquid. Store in dry, cool place. Store between 15 - 25 °C. Storage

Temperatures

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational Name STEL **TWA**

exposure limit

values

<u>mg/m3</u> ppm mg/m3 **Footnote** ppm

Formamide 18 10

Other Exposure Information

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These

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workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous

concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

A time weighted average (TWA) concentration for Formamide (Safe Work Australia) of 18 mg/m3, (10 ppm). The exposure value at the TWA is the average airborne concentration of a particular substance

when calculated over a normal 8 hour working day for 5 day working week.

A 'skin' notation indicates that this substance will also be readily absorbed through the skin, which may be by airborne material or direct contact. The TLV is obviously invalidated if such contact should occur. In industrial situations maintain the concentrations values below the TWA. This may be achieved by

engineering controls process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other

methods. These methods should be used in preference to personal protective equipment.

Respiratory
Protection
Where ventilation is not adequate, respiratory protection may be required. Avoid breathing dust, vapours or mists. Respiratory protection should comply with AS 1716 - Respiratory Protective Devices and be selected in accordance with AS 1715 - Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices. Filter capacity and respirator type depends on exposure levels. In event of emergency or

planned entry into unknown concentrations a positive pressure, full-facepiece SCBA should be used. If respiratory protection is required, institute a complete respiratory protection program including selection,

fit testing, training, maintenance and inspection.

Eye Protection The use of a face shield, chemical goggles or safety glasses with side shield protection as appropriate.

Must comply with Australian Standards AS 1337 and be selected and used in accordance with AS 1336. Wear gloves of impervious material conforming to AS/NZS 2161: Occupational protective gloves -

Selection, use and maintenance. Final choice of appropriate glove type will vary according to individual circumstances. This can include methods of handling, and engineering controls as determined by appropriate risk assessments. Avoid skin contact when removing gloves from hands, do not touch the

gloves outer surface. Dispose of gloves as hazardous waste.

Personal Protective

Hand Protection

Equipment

Appropriate

Personal protective equipment should not solely be relied upon to control risk and should only be used when all other reasonably practicable control measures do not eliminate or sufficiently minimise risk. Guidance in selecting personal protective equipment can be obtained from Australian, Australian/New

Zealand or other approved standards.

Footwear Safety boots in industrial situations is advisory, foot protection should comply with AS 2210,

Occupational protective footwear - Guide to selection, care and use.

Body Protection Clean clothing or protective clothing should be worn. Clothing for protection against chemicals should

comply with AS 3765 Clothing for Protection Against Hazardous Chemicals.

Hygiene Measures Always wash hands before smoking, eating or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other

protective equipment before storing or re-using.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Form Liquid

Appearance Colourless to yellowish liquid.

Odour Almost odourless, slight ammoniacal.

Decomposition >180 °C

Temperature

Melting Point2 - 2.5 °CBoiling Point210 °CSolubility in WaterSoluble.

Solubility in Organic Soluble in ethanol.

Solvents

Specific Gravity 1.13 g/cm3

pH pH 7.1 (2.3 % solution); pH 4 - 5 (200 g/l H2O, 20 °C).

Vapour Pressure 0.13 kPa (70 °C)

Vapour Density 1.6

(Air=1)

Partition Coefficient: logP(o/w): -1.51

n-octanol/water

Flammability 154 °C Combustible.
Flammable Limits - 2.7 Vol%

Lower

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Flammable Limits -19 Vol %

Upper

Molecular Weight 45.04

10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical Stability Stable under normal use conditions. Hygroscopic

Conditions to Avoid Strong heating. Incompatibles.

Incompatible Oxidising agents, acids, bases, iodine, pyridine, sulphur trioxide and water separating agents.

Materials Aluminium, iron, copper, natural ruber.

Hazardous May librate toxic fumes in fire including carbon monoxide, hydrogen cyanide, ammonia and nitrogen

Decomposition

oxides. **Products**

Corrisive to metals and natural rubber. Possibility of

hazardous reactions

Hazardous Will not occur.

Polymerization

11. Toxicological Information

Acute Toxicity - Oral LD50 (Rat): 5,325 mg/kg

Acute Toxicity -

Dermal

LD50 (Rat): >3,000 mg/kg

Acute Toxicity -

Inhalation

LC50 (Rat) 21mg/l 4hr

Ingestion

Ingestion may cause abdominal pain. May result in liver and kidney damage.

Inhalation of product may cause drowsiness, headaches and nuasea. Inhalation

May cause skin irritation. Skin

May cause irritation to the eyes. Eye

Specific target organ toxicity - Repeated Exposure, Oral Category 2, Blood STOT-repeated

H373 May cause damage to organs (Blood) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed. exposure

Repeated or prolonged exposure to the skin may cause eczema. Ingestion of larger amounts of product **Chronic Effects**

may lead to damage of the central nervous system, liver and kidneys.

Mutagenicity Toxic to Reproduction: Category 1B

H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.

12. Ecological information

Ecological No ecological problems are to be expected when the product is handled and used with due care and

attention. Information

Readily biodegradable. Persistence and

Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD): 1.6%/6h degradability

Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD): 4.7%/12h Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD): 11.8%/24h

Bioaccumulative

Potential

Low probability of bioaccumulation (log P(o/w)<1)

Acute Toxicity - Fish LC50 (L.idus): 4600-9300 mg/l /96h **Acute Toxicity -**EC50 (Daphnia magna): >500 mg/l /48h

Daphnia

Bacteria

Acute Toxicity -EC50 (bacteria): >10000 mg/l /17h

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be disposed of according to relevant local

Considerations state and federal government regulations.

14. Transport information

Not classified as a Dangerous Good according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous **Transport**

Information Goods by Road and Rail.

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15. Regulatory information

Regulatory Listed in the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS). Not listed under WHS Regulation 2011, Schedule 10 - Prohibited carcinogens, restricted carcinogens and restricted hazardous chemicals.

Poisons Schedule Not Scheduled

16. Other Information

Literature References 'Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons .', Commonwealth of Australia. Lewis, Richard J. Sr. 'Hawley's Condensed Chemical Dictionary 13th. Ed.', Rev., John Wiley and Sons,

Inc., NY, 1997.

National Road Transport Commission, 'Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road

and Rail 7th. Ed.', 2007.

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Chemicals', 2011.

Standards Australia, 'SAA/SNZ HB 76:2010 Dangerous Goods - Initial Emergency Response Guide',

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Safe Work Australia, 'Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances [NOHSC:1008 (2004)]'.

Safe Work Australia, 'Hazardous Chemical Information System, 2005'.

Safe Work Australia, 'National Code of Practice for the Labelling of Safe Work Hazardous Substances

(2011)'.

Safe Work Australia, 'National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational

Environment [NOHSC:1003(1995) 3rd Edition]'.

Contact Person/Point Paul McCarthy Ph. (08) 8440 2000 DISCLAIMER STATEMENT:

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Empirical Formula & HCONH2

Structural Formula

...End Of MSDS...

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