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Infosafe No™ 1CH90 Issue Date : October 2020 RE-ISSUED by CHEMSUPP

Product Name ETHANOL Denatured 95-100%

Classified as hazardous

1. Identification

GHS Product Identifier

ETHANOL Denatured 95-100%

CHEM-SUPPLY PTY LTD (ABN 19 008 264 211) **Company Name**

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the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use of Solvent for resins, fatty acids, oils, hydrocarbons; extraction medium; manufacture of acetaldehyde, acetic acid, ethylene, butadiene, 2-ethyl hexanol, dyes, pharmaceuticals, elastomers, detergents, cleaning preparations, surface coatings, cosmetics, explosives, antifreeze, beverages, antiseptic,

gasohol, yeast-growth medium, octane booster in gasoline and laboratory

reagent.

Other Names Name Product Code

> ETHANOL Denatured F7-95SG ET092 ETHANOL Denatured F3-95% LR EL063 ETHANOL Denatured F3-100% LR EL027

Ethyl alcohol denatured, Alcohol

denatured

Other Information

Chem-Supply Pty Ltd does not warrant that this product is suitable for any use or purpose. The user must ascertain the suitability of the product before use or application intended purpose. Preliminary testing of the product before use or application is recommended. Any reliance or purported reliance upon Chem-Supply Pty Ltd with respect to any skill or judgement or advice in relation to the suitability of this product of any purpose is disclaimed. Except to the extent prohibited at law, any condition implied by any statute as to the merchantable quality of this product or fitness for any purpose is hereby excluded. This product is not sold by description. Where the provisions of Part V, Division 2 of the Trade Practices Act apply, the liability of Chem-Supply Pty Ltd is limited to the replacement of supply of equivalent goods or payment of the cost of replacing the goods or acquiring equivalent goods.

2. Hazard Identification

GHS classification of

Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2A

Flammable Liquids: Category 2

substance/mixture

the

DANGER Signal Word (s)

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Hazard Statement (s)

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Flame, Exclamation mark Pictogram (s)





Precautionary statement -Prevention

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/.../equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.





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P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face

protection.

Precautionary statement - Response P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all

contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant

foam for extinction.

Precautionary statement - Storage P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Precautionary

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

statement - Disposal

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Composition, information on ingredients

Denaturant include of (F3) Methanol (2% v/v), (F7) Sucrose Octa-acetate

(1kg/kl) and Denatonium Benzoate (0.0016%).

Ingredients

Name CAS Proportion 64-17-5 95-100 % Ethyl alcohol

Water and denaturants to 0-5 % make total of 100%

4. First-aid measures

If inhaled, remove from contaminated area to fresh air immediately. Apply Inhalation

artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, give

oxygen. Get medical aid if cough or other symptoms appear.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water immediately, repeat until all traces of Ingestion

product have been removed. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Seek medical advice if

effects persist.

Wash affected areas with copious quantities of water immediately. Remove Skin

contaminated clothing and wash before re-use. If swelling, redness,

blistering or irritation occurs seek medical advice.

Immediately irrigate with copious quantity of water for at least 15 minutes. Eye contact

Eyelids to be held open. If rapid recovery does not occur, obtain medical

attention

First Aid Facilities Maintain eyewash fountain and safety shower in work area.

Treat symptomatically based on judgement of doctor and individual reactions of Advice to Doctor

the patient.

Other Information For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (Phone eg Australia 13 1126;

New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor at once.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Hazards from Combustion **Products**

May liberate toxic fumes in fire include oxides of carbon.

Specific Methods

Caution: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.

Small fire: Use foam, dry chemical, CO2 or water spray.

Large fire: Use foam, fog or water spray - Do not use water jets.

If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Avoid getting

water inside containers.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

HIGHLY FLAMMABLE: These products have a low flash point - Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames at ambient temperatures. Vapours will form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours will travel to source of ignition and flash back. Fire may produce irritating, poisonous and/or corrosive gases. Containers may explode when heated. Many liquids are lighter than water. Many vapours are heavier than air and will collect in low or confined areas

(drains, basements, tanks). Vapours from run-off may create an explosion





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•2YE **Hazchem Code**

SCBA and structural firefighter's uniform may provide limited protection. Precautions in Fully-encapsulating, gas-tight suits should be worn for maximum protection. connection with Fire

6. Accidental release measures

Spills & Disposal

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flame) within at least 50m - All equipment used in handling the product must be earthed. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Stop leak if safe to do so - Prevent entry into waterways, drains or confined areas. Vapour-suppressing foam may be used to control vapours. Absorb spill with earth, sand or other non-combustible material - Use clean, non-sparking tools to collect material and place it in loosely-covered metal or plastic containers for later disposal. Water spray may be used to knock down or divert vapour clouds.

SEEK EXPERT ADVICE ON HANDLING AND DISPOSAL. **Personal Precautions**

Evacuate the area of all non-essential personnel. Remove ignition sources

Personal Protection

Wear protective clothing specified for normal operations (see Section 8)

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for Safe Handling

Do not breathe vapour. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid prolonged or repeated exposure.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and other sources of ignition. Store away from oxidizing agents. Store away from strong acids. Keep containers securely sealed and protected against physical damage. Do not store in pits or basements where vapours may become entrapped. Do not store in aluminium containers.

Take precautionary measures against static electric discharges.

Storage Regulations

Refer Australian Standard AS 1940-2017 'The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids'.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ethyl alcohol

Occupational	<u>Name</u>	STEL			TWA		
exposure limit values							
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	Footnote	

Other Exposure Information

These Workplace Exposure Standards are quides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

1880

1000

A time weighted average (TWA) has been established for Ethyl alcohol (Safe Work Australia) of 1,880 mg/m^3 , (1,000 ppm). The exposure value at the TWA is the average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal 8 hour working day for a 5 day working week.

A time weighted average (TWA) has been established for Methanol (Safe Work Australia) of 200ppm, (262 mg/m3). The corresponding STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) is 250 ppm, (328 mg/m3). The STEL is an exposure value that should not be exceeded for more than 15 minutes and should not be repeated for more than 4 times per day. There should be at least 60 minutes between successive exposures at the STEL.

Appropriate engineering controls

Maintain the concentrations values below the TWA. This may be achieved by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods.

Respiratory Protection

Where ventilation is not adequate, respiratory protection may be required. Avoid breathing vapours or mists. Select and use respirators in accordance with AS 1716 - Respiratory Protective Devices and be selected in accordance with AS 1715 - Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices. When mists or vapours exceed the exposure standards then the use of the following is recommended: Approved respirator with organic vapour and dust/mist filters. Filter capacity and respirator type depends on exposure levels.





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The use of a face shield, chemical goggles or safety glasses with side shield **Eye Protection**

protection as appropriate. Must comply with Australian Standards AS 1337 and

be selected and used in accordance with AS 1336.

Wear gloves of impervious material conforming to AS/NZS 2161: Occupational **Hand Protection**

> protective gloves - Selection, use and maintenance. Final choice of appropriate glove type will vary according to individual circumstances. This

> can include methods of handling, and engineering controls as determined by appropriate risk assessments. Avoid skin contact when removing gloves from hands, do not touch the gloves outer surface. Dispose of gloves as hazardous

waste.

Personal Protective

Equipment

Personal protective equipment should not solely be relied upon to control risk and should only be used when all other reasonably practicable control measures do not eliminate or sufficiently minimise risk. Guidance in selecting personal protective equipment can be obtained from Australian, Australian/New Zealand

or other approved standards.

Safety boots in industrial situations is advisory, foot protection should Footwear

comply with AS 2210, Occupational protective footwear - Guide to selection,

care and use. Recommendation: Rubber boots.

Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing. Clean clothing or protective **Body Protection**

clothing should be worn, preferably with an apron. Clothing for protection against chemicals should comply with AS 3765 Clothing for Protection Against

Hazardous Chemicals.

Always wash hands before smoking, eating or using the toilet. Wash **Hygiene Measures**

contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storing or

re-using.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Form

Colourless, transparent, volatile liquid. **Appearance**

Ethereal vinous odour. Odour

-117.3 °C - 100% -144 °C - 95% **Melting Point**

78.3 °C - 100% **Boiling Point**

78 °C - 95%

Solubility in Water Miscible.

Solubility in Organic

Solvents

Miscible with methanol, ether, chloroform and acetone.

Specific Gravity 0.7893 - 100% 0.8042 - 95%

0.8676 - 70%

5.7 kPa @ 20 °C - 100% Vapour Pressure

Vapour Density

(Air=1)

1.59

Volatile Component

100%

Flash Point

9 °C - 100% 12.7 °C - 95%

Flammability

HIGHLY FLAMMABLE. Keep away from heat, sparks or naked flames. Use flameproof equipment and fittings to prevent flammability risk. Electrically link and ground metal containers for transfer of the product to prevent accumulation of static electricity. Ensure adequate ventilation to prevent an explosive vapour-air mixture. Vapours will travel considerable distances to sources of

ignition.

Auto-Ignition

422 °C - 95%

Temperature

3.5% - 100% Flammable Limits -

Lower

Flammable Limits -19% - 100%

Upper





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46.08 Molecular Weight

Taste: Pungent taste. Other Information

10. Stability and reactivity

Stable under normal use conditons. Hygroscopic **Chemical Stability**

Heat, sparks, flame and build up of static electricity. Incompatibles Conditions to Avoid

Incompatible Materials

Oxidising agents, peroxides, acids, acid chlorides, silver salts, metal hydrides, hydrazine, acid anhydrides, alkali metals and ammonia.

May liberate toxic fumes in fire include oxides of carbon. Hazardous

Decomposition Products

Will not occur. Hazardous

Polymerization

11. Toxicological Information

Acute Toxicity - Oral LD50 (rat): 10,470 mg/kg

Acute Toxicity -

LC50 (rat): 124.7mg/L 4 hour

Inhalation

May cause nausea, headache, dizziness, gastric irritation and CNS depression. Ingestion

Irritating to, or may burn mucous membranes and the respiratory tract. May Inhalation

cause headache, dizziness, nausea and possible CNS effects.

May cause irritation. Will have a degreasing action on the skin. Skin

May cause irritating and watering. High concentrations of vapours will cause Eye

irritation.

Respiratory sensitisation Not classified based on available information.

Skin Sensitisation

Not classified based on available information. Not classified based on available information. Germ cell

mutagenicity Carcinogenicity

Ethanol [61-17-5] in alcoholic beverages are evaluated in the IARC Monographs

(Vol. 96) as Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans, (based on the effects of

drinking alcoholic beverages).

Safe Work Australia does not classify ethanol as a carcinogen.

Reproductive

Not classified based on available information.

Toxicity STOT-single

Not classified based on available information.

exposure STOT-repeated

Not classified based on available information.

exposure

Health Hazard

Though it is rapidly oxidized in the body and is therefore non-cumulative, ingestion of even moderate amounts causes lowering of inhibitions, often succeeded by dizziness, headache, or nausea. Larger intake causes loss of motor nerve control, shallow respiration, and in extreme cases unconsciousness and even death. Degree of intoxication is determined by concentration of alcohol in the brain. Of primary importance is the fact that intake of

moderate amounts together with barbiturates or similar drugs is extremely dangerous and may even be fatal.

Chronic Effects Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause chronic dermatitis. May cause

liver and kidney disorders.

No evidence of mutagenic effects. Mutagenicity

12. Ecological information

Degree of elimination: 94% Persistence and Evaluation: biodegradable degradability





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13. Disposal considerations

Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be disposed of Disposal according to relevant local, state and federal government regulations. Considerations

14. Transport information

Dangerous goods of Class 3 (Flammable Liquid) are incompatible in a placard **Transport**

load with any of the following: Information

Class 1, Class 2.1, if both the Class 3 and Class 2.1 dangerous goods are in bulk, Class 2.3, Class 4.2, Class 5, Class 6, if the Class 3 dangerous goods

are nitromethane, Class 7.

1170 U.N. Number

UN proper shipping

ETHANOL (ETHYL ALCOHOL)

Transport hazard

3

class(es)

•2YE **Hazchem Code Packing Group** ΙI **EPG Number** 3A1 **IERG Number** 14

15. Regulatory information

Regulatory Information

All of the significant ingredients in this formulation are compliant with Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS) regulations. Not listed under WHS Regulation 2011, Schedule 10 - Prohibited carcinogens,

restricted carcinogens and restricted hazardous chemicals.

Not Scheduled **Poisons Schedule**

16. Other Information

Literature References

'Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons .', Commonwealth of Australia.

National Road Transport Commission, 'Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail 7th. Ed.'.

Safe Work Australia, 'National Code of Practice fot the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals'

Standards Australia, 'SAA/SNZ HB 76:2010 Dangerous Goods - Initial Emergency Response Guide', Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand.

Safe Work Australia, 'Hazardous Chemical Information System'.
Safe Work Australia, 'National Code of Practice for the Labelling of Safe

Work Hazardous Substances'.

Safe Work Australia, 'National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment'.

Contact Person/Point Paul McCarthy Ph. (08) 8440 2000 DISCLAIMER STATEMENT:

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representatives.

Empirical Formula & Structural Formula

С2Н5ОН

...End Of MSDS...

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