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RE-ISSUED by CHEMSUPP Infosafe No™ 1CHSS Issue Date: June 2019

p-DIMETHYLAMINOBENZALDEHYDE Product Name:

Not classified as hazardous

1. Identification

GHS Product

p-DIMETHYLAMINOBENZALDEHYDE

Identifier

CHEM-SUPPLY PTY LTD (ABN 19 008 264 211) **Company Name**

38 - 50 Bedford Street GILLMAN **Address**

> SA 5013 Australia Tel: (08) 8440-2000

Telephone/Fax Number

Fax: (08) 8440-2001

Emergency phone

number Recommended use

of the chemical and

restrictions on use

CHEMCALL 1800 127 406 (Australia) / +64-4-917-9888 (International)

Manufacture of dyes; medicine; reagent for arsphenamine, anthranilic acid, antipyrine, indole, skatole, indican, tryptophan, albumin, ergot alkaloids, colon bacteria, typhoid coli; for differentiating between

DA006

serum eruptions and true scarlet fever; laboratory reagent.

Other Names **Product Code** Name

p-DIMETHYLAMINOBENZALDEHYDE AR

4-(Dimethylamino)benzaldehyde, 4-Dimethylaminobenzenecarbonal,

Ehrlich's Reagent, 4 dimethylaminobenzenecarbonal,

p-Formyldimethylaniline

Other Information

Chem-Supply Pty Ltd does not warrant that this product is suitable for any use or purpose. The user must ascertain the suitability of the product before use or application intended purpose. Preliminary testing of the product before use or application is recommended. Any reliance or purported reliance upon Chem-Supply Pty Ltd with respect to any skill or judgement or advice in relation to the suitability of this product of any purpose is disclaimed. Except to the extent prohibited at law, any condition implied by any statute as to the merchantable quality of this product or fitness for any purpose is hereby excluded. This product is not sold by description. Where the provisions of Part V, Division 2 of the Trade Practices Act apply, the liability of Chem-Supply Pty Ltd is limited to the replacement of supply of equivalent goods or payment of the cost of replacing the goods or acquiring equivalent goods.

2. Hazard Identification

GHS classification of the

Classified as non-Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of classification and labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia.

substance/mixture

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical

Solid Characterization

Ingredients **Proportion** CAS **Hazard Symbol Risk Phrase**

> 4-Dimethylaminobenzaldehyde 100-10-7 100 %

4. First-aid measures

If inhaled, remove from contaminated area to fresh air immediately. Apply artificial respiration if not Inhalation

breathing. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical aid if cough or other symptoms appear.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water immediately, repeat until all traces of product have been removed. Ingestion

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Seek medical advice if effects persist.

Skin Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before

reuse or discard. If symptoms develop seek medical attention.

If contact with the eye(s) occurs, wash with copious amounts of water for approximately 15 minutes Eye contact

holding eyelid(s) open. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the non-affected eye. If persistent

irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

Maintain eyewash fountain and safety shower in work area. **First Aid Facilities**

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically based on judgement of doctor and individual reactions of the patient.

For advice, contact the National Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand Other Information

0800 764 766) or a doctor.

5. Fire-fighting measures



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Hazards from Combustion

Carbon and nitrogen oxides. Toxic gases and vapours may be released if involved in a fire.

Products Specific Methods

No limitations to the type of extinguishing media.

Small fire: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray or foam.

Large fire: Use water spray, fog or foam.

Specific hazards arising from the

Combustible. Runoff may pollute waterways. Fire or heat may produce irritating, poisonous and/or

corrosive gases.

chemical Precautions in

Wear SCBA and structural firefighter's uniform.

connection with Fire

Accidental release measures

Spills & Disposal Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flame) within at least 15m. Do NOT touch or

> walk through this product. Stop leak if safe to do so. Prevent entry into waterways, drains, confined areas. Prevent dust cloud. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect material and place it into

loosely-covered plastic containers for later disposal.

Personal Avoid substance contact. Avoid generation of dusts: do not inhale dusts. Ensure supply of fresh air in

enclosed rooms. **Precautions**

Personal Protection Wear protective clothing specified for normal operations (see Section 8)

Clean-up Methods -**Small Spillages**

Sweep up (avoid generating dust) and remove to a suitable, clearly labelled container for disposal in

accordance with local regulations.

Clean-up Methods -

Seek expert advice on handling and disposal.

Large Spillages **Environmental**

Prevent from entering into drains, ditches, rivers or the sea.

Precautions

any

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Precautions for Safe Avoid generation or accumulation of dusts. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Use in well ventilated areas away from all ignition sources. In case of insufficient ventilation,

wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Conditions for safe storage, including

Store in well ventilated area. Store away from sources of heat or ignition. Store away from oxidizing agents. Store in a cool, dry place. Keep containers securely sealed and protected against physical

damage.

Moisture sensitive. incompatabilities

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other Exposure Information

No exposure standards have been established for this product by Safe Work Australia, however, the TWA exposure standard for dusts/mists not otherwise specified is 10 mg/m3. All atmospheric

contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable.

Appropriate

In industrial situations maintain the concentrations values below the TWA. This may be achieved by engineering controls process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other

Respiratory **Protection**

Where ventilation is not adequate, respiratory protection may be required. Avoid breathing dust, vapours or mists. Respiratory protection should comply with AS 1716 - Respiratory Protective Devices and be selected in accordance with AS 1715 - Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices. Filter capacity and respirator type depends on exposure levels. In event of emergency or planned entry into unknown concentrations a positive pressure, full-facepiece SCBA should be used. If respiratory protection is required, institute a complete respiratory protection program including selection,

Eye Protection

fit testing, training, maintenance and inspection. The use of a face shield, chemical goggles or safety glasses with side shield protection as appropriate. Must comply with Australian Standards AS 1337 and be selected and used in accordance with AS 1336.

Hand Protection

Wear gloves of impervious material conforming to AS/NZS 2161: Occupational protective gloves -Selection, use and maintenance. Final choice of appropriate glove type will vary according to individual circumstances. This can include methods of handling, and engineering controls as determined by appropriate risk assessments.

Personal Protective Equipment

Personal protective equipment should not solely be relied upon to control risk and should only be used when all other reasonably practicable control measures do not eliminate or sufficiently minimise risk. Guidance in selecting personal protective equipment can be obtained from Australian, Australian/New Zealand or other approved standards.



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Safety boots in industrial situations is advisory, foot protection should comply with AS 2210, **Footwear**

Occupational protective footwear - Guide to selection, care and use.

Body Protection Clean clothing or protective clothing should be worn, preferably with an apron. Clothing for protection

against chemicals should comply with AS 3765 Clothing for Protection Against Hazardous Chemicals. Always wash hands before smoking, eating or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other

Hygiene Measures protective equipment before storing or re-using.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Form Solid

White to pale yellow crystals. **Appearance**

Odour Characteristic odour.

72 - 75 °C **Melting Point**

Boiling Point 176 - 177 °C (23 hPa) Insoluble in water. Solubility in Water

Solubility in Organic Soluble in alcohol and ether, chloroform, acetic acid.

Solvents

Partition Coefficient: logP (o/w): 1.81

n-octanol/water

>100 °C **Flash Point** Combustible. **Flammability** Molecular Weight 149.19

10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical Stability Stable under normal use conditons. Light sensitive. May discolour on exposure to light.

Conditions to Avoid Light, heat, incompatibles. Strong oxidizers, strong bases. Incompatible

Materials

Hazardous Carbon and nitrogen oxides. Toxic gases and vapours may be released if involved in a fire.

Decomposition

Products

Hazardous Polymerization

11. Toxicological Information

Acute Toxicity - Oral LD50 (rat): >6400 mg/kg

Will not occur.

Ingestion May be harmful if swallowed.

Inhalation Irritating to respiratory tract and mucous membranes. May be harmful if inhaled. Irritating in contact with skin. May be harmful if absorbed through the skin. Skin

Causes eye irritation. Eve

Carcinogenicity No evidence of carcinogenic properties. Mutagenicity No evidence of mutagenic effects.

Other Information To the best of our knowledge the chemical, physical and toxicity of this substance has not been fully

investigated.

However when handled correctly hazardous effects are unlikely to occur.

12. Ecological information

Partially biodegradable. Persistence and

degradability

Environmental Fate Behaviour in environmental compartments:

Distribution: log P (o/w): 1.81

Bioaccumulative log Pow: 1.81, bioaccumulation is not expected.

Potential

Acute Toxicity - Fish LC50 (Pimephales promelas): 45.7 mg/l/96h.



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13. Disposal considerations

Disposal Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be disposed of according to relevant local,

state and federal government regulations. Considerations

14. Transport information

Not classified as a Dangerous Good according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous **Transport**

Information Goods by Road and Rail.

15. Regulatory information

Listed in the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS). Not listed under WHS Regulation Regulatory 2011, Schedule 10 - Prohibited carcinogens, restricted carcinogens and restricted hazardous chemicals. Information

Poisons Schedule Not Scheduled

16. Other Information

Literature References 'Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.', Commonwealth of Australia.

Lewis, Richard J. Sr. 'Hawley's Condensed Chemical Dictionary 13th. Ed.', Rev., John Wiley and Sons,

Inc., NY, 1997.

National Road Transport Commission, 'Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road

and Rail 7th. Ed.', 2007.

Safe Work Australia, 'National Code of Practice fot the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous

Chemicals', 2011.

Standards Australia, 'SAA/SNZ HB 76:2010 Dangerous Goods - Initial Emergency Response Guide',

Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand, 2010.

Safe Work Australia, 'Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances [NOHSC:1008 (2004)]'.

Safe Work Australia, 'Hazardous Chemical Information System, 2005'.

Safe Work Australia, 'National Code of Practice for the Labelling of Safe Work Hazardous Substances

Safe Work Australia, 'National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational

Environment [NOHSC:1003(1995) 3rd Edition]'.

Contact Person/Point Paul McCarthy Ph. (08) 8440 2000 DISCLAIMER STATEMENT:

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Empirical Formula & (CH3)2 NC6 H4 CHO Structural Formula

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