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Infosafe No™ 1CH1C

Issue Date : February 2022 RE-ISSUED by CHEMSUPP

Product Name **BENEDICT'S SOLUTION**

Classified as hazardous

	ication
Product Identifier	BENEDICT'S SOLUTION
Company Name	CHEMSUPPLY AUSTRALIA PTY LTD (ABN 19 008 264 211)
Address	38 – 50 Bedford Street GILLMAN SA 5013 Australia
Telephone/Fax Number	Tel: (08) 8440-2000
Emergency Phone Number	CHEMCALL 1800 127 406 (Australia) / +64-4-917-9888 (International)
E-mail Address	www.chemsupply.com.au
Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use	The blue colour changes to a red, orange or yellow precipitate or suspension in the presence of a reducing sugar, such as glucose, and is therefore used in testing for such materials, especially for urinalysis in the treatment of diabetes. This product is for education/research use only.
Other Names	Name Product Code
	BENEDICT'S SOLUTION Qualitative Reagent BL022
Other Information	ChemSupply Australia Pty Ltd does not warrant that this product is suitable for any use or purpose. The user must ascertain the suitability of the product before use or application intended purpose. Preliminary testing of the product before use or application is recommended. Any reliance or purported reliance upon ChemSupply Australia Pty Ltd with respect to any skill or judgement or advice in relation to the suitability of this product of any purpose is disclaimed. Except to the extent prohibited at law, any condition implied by any statute as to the merchantable quality of this product or fitness for any purpose is hereby excluded. This product is not sold by description. Where the provisions of Part V, Division 2 of the Trade Practices Act apply, the liability of ChemSupply Australia Pty Ltd is limited to the replacement of supply of equivalent goods or payment of the cost of replacing the goods or acquiring equivalent goods.

GHS Classification of the Substance/Mixture Signal Word	Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2B Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment - Long-Term Hazard: Category 1 WARNING
Hazard Statement (s)	H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Pictogram (s)	Exclamation mark, Environment
Precautionary Statement –	P264 Wash thoroughly after handling. P280 Wear eye and face protection. P273 Avoid release to the environment.
Prevention	
Precautionary Statement –	P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Response	P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Precautionary	P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.
Statement – Disposal	

Section 3 - Composition and Information on Ingredients

Ingredients	Name	CAS	Proportion



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	Add water to make total of 100 %	7732-18-5	60-75 %
	Trisodium citrate dihydrate	6132-04-3	15-20 %
	Sodium carbonate, anhydrous	497-19-8	10-15 %
	Copper (II) sulfate pentahydrate	7758-99-8	0-5 %
Section 4 - First A	Aid Measures		
Inhalation	artificial respiration. give oxygen through a f develops and persists,	Ensure airways are clea ace mask if breathing is seek immediate medical at	tention.
Ingestion		with water immediately, re ed. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING	epeat until all traces of G. Seek medical advice if
Skin		ind wash before reuse. In	ts of running water. Remove severe cases or if irritatior
Eye	If contact with the eye(s) occurs, wash with copious amounts of water for approximately 15 minutes holding eyelid(s) open. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the non-affected eye. Seek medical attention.		
First Aid Facilities	Maintain eyewash founta	in and safety shower in w	ork area.
Other Information	For advice, contact a E New Zealand 0800 764 76		(Phone eg Australia 13 1126;
Section 5 - Firefig	hting Measures		
Hazards from Combustion Products	Highly toxic fumes of s monoxide, carbon dioxid	ulfur oxides, as well as de and nitrous oxides.	oxides of copper, carbon
Specific Methods	This product contains a substantial proportion of water therefore ther are no restrictions on the type of extinguishing media which may be used.		
Precautions in connection with Fire	Wear SCBA and structura	l firefighter's uniform.	
Section 6 - Accide	ental Release Measures		
Personal Protection	Wear protective clothin	g specified for normal op	erations (see Section 8)
Clean-up Methods - Small Spillages	using non sparking tool	d with sand, earth or spins s and place in a labelled l. Put leaking containers	
Section 7 - Handl	ing and Storage		
Precautions for Safe Handling	Use with adequate venti or prolonged contact wi the possibility of skin contaminated clothing.	lation. Wear appropriate	sh hands thoroughly after

handling. It is essential that all who come into contact with this material, maintain high standards of personal hygiene i.e. washing hands prior to eating, drinking, smoking or going to the toilet. Keep away from

from incompatible substances. Store away from incompatible materials such as strong oxidisers and acids. Store out of direct sunlight. Protect from

incompatibles such as acids. Keep container dry.Do not empty into drains. Store in tightly closed containers, in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away

Corrosive in presence of steel. Solutions of copper sulfate are strongly

moisture. Keep well closed when not in use. Avoid extreme heat.

corrosive to iron, galvanized iron and finely powdered metals.

Store at room temperature (15 to 25 $^\circ\text{C}$ recommended).

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Conditions for safe

storage, including any incompatibilities

Corrosiveness

Storage Temperatures



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Unsuitable Materials Steel, iron and galvanized iron.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Other Exposure Information	A time weighted average (TWA) has been established for Copper, dusts & mists (as Cu) (Safe Work Australia) of 1 mg/m ³ . The exposure value at the TWA is the average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal 8 hour working day for a 5 day working week.
Engineering Controls	In industrial situations maintain the concentrations values below the TWA. This may be achieved by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods.
Respiratory Protection	Usually not required. Where ventilation is not adequate, respiratory protection may be required. Avoid breathing dust, vapours or mists. Respiratory protection should comply with AS 1716 - Respiratory Protective Devices and be selected in accordance with AS 1715 - Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices. Filter capacity and respirator type depends on exposure levels. In event of emergency or planned entry into unknown concentrations a positive pressure, full-facepiece SCBA should be used. If respiratory protection is required, institute a complete respiratory protection program including selection, fit testing, training, maintenance and inspection.
Eye and Face Protection	The use of a face shield, chemical goggles or safety glasses with side shield protection as appropriate. Must comply with Australian Standards AS 1337 and be selected and used in accordance with AS 1336.
Hand Protection	Hand protection should comply with AS 2161, Occupational protective gloves - Selection, use and maintenance. Recommendation: Plastic or rubber gloves.
Personal Protective Equipment	Final choice of personal protective equipment will depend on individual circumstances and/or according to risk assessments undertaken.
Body Protection	Clean clothing or protective clothing should be worn, preferably with an apron. Clothing for protection against chemicals should comply with AS 3765 Clothing for Protection Against Hazardous Chemicals.
Hygiene Measures	Always wash hands before smoking, eating or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storing or re-using.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

•/	
Form	Liquid
Appearance	Clear, blue liquid.
Odour	Odourless.
Melting Point	~0 °C
Boiling Point	110-120 °C.
Solubility in Water	Miscible (soluble) in all proportions.
Solubility in Organic Solvents	Very slightly soluble in methanol, diethyl ether.
Specific Gravity	1.145; 1.195.
рН	~10
Vapour Pressure	14 mm Hg
Relative Vapour Density (Air=1)	0.7
Evaporation Rate	>1
Volatile Component	~72%
Flammability	Non combustible material.
Explosion Properties	Exposure to fire may cause containers to rupture/explode.

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity



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Chemical Stability	Stable under normal conditions of use, storage and handling.	
Possibility of Hazardous Reactions	Highly reactive with acids. Reactive with reducing agents. Slightly reactive to reactive with oxidizing agents and alkalis.	
Conditions to Avoid	Excess heat and incompatible materials.	
Incompatible Materials	Hydroxylamine, alkalis, phosphates, hydrazine, strong acids, sulfuric acid, finely powdered metals, active metals (potassium, sodium, magnesium and zinc), reducing agents, strong oxidizing agents.	
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Highly toxic fumes of sulfur oxides, as well as oxides of copper, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrous oxides, may emit fumes of cyanide.	
Hazardous Polymerization	Will not occur.	
Section 11 - Toxico	ological Information	
Ingestion	May cause irritation and discomfort of the gastrointestinal system. Large doses may cause systemic Copper poisoning which may include headache, pain, nausea, diarrhoea, vomiting, bloody stools and vomit; systemic toxic effects to the kidney and liver and central nervous excitation followed by depression; low blood pressure, jaundice and coma. Ingestion of sodium citrate may produce alkalosis and may cause tetany or depress the heart by decreasing the calcium level of the blood. Ingestion may produce corrosion of the gastrointestinal tract, vomiting, diarrhea, circulatory collapse, and death.	
Inhalation	May cause mild to severe irritation and possible tissue damage or local necrosis of the mucous membranes, nose, throat and respiratory tract, especially if the material vapour or mist are generated, characterized by coughing, choking, or shortness of breath. Inhalation of fumes may cause metal fume fever, which is characterized by flu-like symptoms with metallic taste, fever, chills, cough, weakness, chest pain, muscle pain and increased white blood cell count. Inhalation of high concentration may lead to headache, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.	
Skin	May cause slight to severe irritation, necrosis, burns, redness, pain and possible itching. May cause skin sensitization, an allergic reaction, which becomes evident upon re-exposure to this material. May produce eczematoid contact dermatitis.	
Eye	May cause severe irritation, possible tissue damage particularly on mucous membranes of eyes and possible eye burns, resulting in redness, lacrimation, pain, stinging, conjunctivitis, oedema of the eyelids, and ulceration and turbidity of cornea. May result in corneal injury.	
Carcinogenicity	No evidence of carcinogenic properties.	
Reproductive Toxicity	Experimental reproductive effects have been reported for copper sulfate.	
Mutagenicity	Mutation data has been reported for copper sulfate. DNA inhibition system-human: lymphocyte 76 mmol/l (Copper(II) sulfate pentahydrate).	
Chronic Effects	Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce damage to kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, mucous membranes. Individuals with Wilson's disease are unable to metabolize copper. Thus, copper accumulates in various tissues and may result in liver, kidney, and brain damage. Chronic copper poisoning in man is recognized in the form of Wilson's disease. May cause jaundice and liver enlargement (Copper sulfate pentahydrate). Repeated or prolonged exposure to spray mist may produce respiratory tract irritation leading to frequent attacks of bronchial infection. Repeated or prolonged contact with spray mist may produce chronic eve irritation and severe skin irritation	

spray mist may produce chronic eye irritation and severe skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact with this material may cause allergic reactions or hypersensitivity in susceptible individuals resulting in skin irritation or

Section 12 - Ecological Information

sensitization dermatitis.



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Ecological Information Ecotoxicity	No ecological problems are to be expected when the product is handled and used with due care and attention. The following applies to copper compounds: toxic for aquatic organisms.
Known Harmful Effects on the Environment	Severe marine pollutant. Contain spillage.
Environmental Protection	Do not allow to enter waters, waste water, or soil!
Acute Toxicity - Fish	The following applies to copper compounds: copper ions toxic for fish at concentrations below 1 mg/l. C. auratus toxic from 0.01 mg/l.
Acute Toxicity - Algae	The following applies to copper compounds: copper ions toxic for algae at concentrations below 1 mg/l.
Acute Toxicity - Bacteria	The following applies to copper compounds: copper ions toxic for bacteria at concentrations below 1 mg/l.
Acute Toxicity - Other Organisms	The following applies to copper compounds: copper ions toxic for protozoa at concentrations below 1 mg/l. mussels: 0.55 mg/l lethal in 12 h; oysters: 0.1 mg/l toxic.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Disposal	Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be disposed of
Considerations	according to relevant local, state and federal government regulations.

Section 14 - Transport Information

Transport Information	Not classified as a Dangerous Good according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG); by the IATA Air Transport Dangerous Goods Regulations; or by the IMDG (International Maritime Dangerous Goods) Code.
Environmental Hazards	No environmental hazard is anticipated provided that the material is handled and disposed of with due care and attention.
~	

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

Poisons Schedule Not Scheduled

Section 16 - Any Other Relevant Information

Literature References	<pre>'Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons .', Commonwealth of Australia. National Road Transport Commission, 'Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail 7th. Ed.'. Safe Work Australia, 'National Code of Practice for the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals'. Standards Australia, 'SAA/SNZ HB 76:2010 Dangerous Goods - Initial Emergency Response Guide', Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand. Safe Work Australia, 'Hazardous Chemical Information System'. Safe Work Australia, 'National Code of Practice for the Labelling of Safe Work Hazardous Substances'. Safe Work Australia, 'National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants</pre>
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