



Infosafe No™	1CH01	Issue Date : December 2019	RE-ISSUED by CHEMSUPP
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Product Name : **ACETONE**

Classified as hazardous

1. Identification

GHS Product Identifier	ACETONE	
Company Name	CHEM-SUPPLY PTY LTD (ABN 19 008 264 211)	
Address	38 - 50 Bedford Street GILLMAN SA 5013 Australia	
Telephone/Fax Number	Tel: (08) 8440-2000 Fax: (08) 8440-2001	
Emergency phone number	CHEMCALL 1800 127 406 (Australia) / +64-4-917-9888 (International)	
Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use	Solvent used in the processing of resin, lacquer, varnish, wax, adhesive, ink, paint and plastic, chemicals (methyl isobutyl ketone, methyl isobutyl carbinol, methyl methacrylate, bisphenol-A), solvent for potassium iodide and permanganate, delusterant for cellulose acetate fibres, photography, specification testing of vulcanised rubber products, cleaning and drying of precision equipment, analytical reagent and laboratory reagent.	
Other Names	Name	Product Code
	ACETONE LR	AL008
	ACETONE AR	AA008
	ACETONE TG	AT008
	Propanone, 2-Propanone, Dimethyl ketone, Ketone propane, Methyl ketone	

Other Information

Chem-Supply Pty Ltd does not warrant that this product is suitable for any use or purpose. The user must ascertain the suitability of the product before use or application intended purpose. Preliminary testing of the product before use or application is recommended. Any reliance or purported reliance upon Chem-Supply Pty Ltd with respect to any skill or judgement or advice in relation to the suitability of this product of any purpose is disclaimed. Except to the extent prohibited at law, any condition implied by any statute as to the merchantable quality of this product or fitness for any purpose is hereby excluded. This product is not sold by description. Where the provisions of Part V, Division 2 of the Trade Practices Act apply, the liability of Chem-Supply Pty Ltd is limited to the replacement of supply of equivalent goods or payment of the cost of replacing the goods or acquiring equivalent goods.

2. Hazard Identification

GHS classification of the substance/mixture	Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2A Flammable Liquids: Category 2 Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure Category 2
Signal Word (s)	DANGER
Hazard Statement (s)	H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. AUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking
Pictogram (s)	Flame, Exclamation mark,

**Precautionary statement – Prevention**

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking.
P233 Keep container tightly closed.
P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/.../equipment.
P242 Use only non-sparking tools.
P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.



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Precautionary statement – Response	P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P370+P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam for extinction. P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Precautionary statement – Storage	
Precautionary statement – Disposal	P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.
Other Information	Exposure to acetone may enhance the liver toxicity of chlorinated solvents.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical Characterization	Liquid										
Information on Composition	Derived by the oxidation of cumene, dehydrogenation or oxidation of isopropyl alcohol with metallic catalyst, vapour phase oxidation of butane or a by-product of synthetic glycerol production.										
Ingredients	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th><u>Name</u></th> <th><u>CAS</u></th> <th><u>Proportion</u></th> <th><u>Hazard Symbol</u></th> <th><u>Risk Phrase</u></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Acetone</td> <td>67-64-1</td> <td>98-100 %</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	<u>Name</u>	<u>CAS</u>	<u>Proportion</u>	<u>Hazard Symbol</u>	<u>Risk Phrase</u>	Acetone	67-64-1	98-100 %		
<u>Name</u>	<u>CAS</u>	<u>Proportion</u>	<u>Hazard Symbol</u>	<u>Risk Phrase</u>							
Acetone	67-64-1	98-100 %									

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	If inhaled, remove from contaminated area to fresh air immediately. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Immediately obtain medical aid if cough or other symptoms appear.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water immediately, repeat until all traces of product have been removed. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Seek medical advice if effects persist.
Skin	Immediately remove contaminated clothing and wash affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Ensure contaminated clothing is washed before re-use. Seek medical advice /attention depending on the severity.
Eye contact	Immediately irrigate with copious quantity of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids to be held open. In all cases of eye contamination it is a sensible precaution to seek medical advice.
First Aid Facilities	Maintain eyewash fountain and safety shower in work area.
Advice to Doctor	Treat symptomatically based on judgement of doctor and individual reactions of the patient.
Other Information	For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (Phone eg Australia 13 1126; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor at once.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Hazards from Combustion Products	May liberate toxic fumes in fire includes oxides of carbon.
Specific Methods	Caution: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient. Small fire: Use foam, dry chemical, CO2 or water spray. Large fire: Use foam, fog or water spray - Do not use water jets. If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Avoid getting water inside the containers.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	HIGHLY FLAMMABLE: These products have a low flash point - Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames at ambient temperatures. Vapours will form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours will travel to source of ignition and flash back. Fire may produce irritating, poisonous and/or corrosive gases. Containers may explode when heated. Many liquids are lighter than water. Many vapours are heavier than air and will collect in low or confined areas (drains, basements, tanks). Vapours from run-off may create an explosion hazard.
Hazchem Code	•2YE
Precautions in connection with Fire	SCBA and structural firefighter's uniform may provide limited protection. Fully-encapsulating, gas-tight suits should be worn for maximum protection.



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6. Accidental release measures

Spills & Disposal	ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flame) within at least 50m - All equipment used in handling the product must be earthed. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Stop leak if safe to do so - Prevent entry into waterways, drains or confined areas. Vapour-suppressing foam may be used to control vapours. Absorb spill with earth, sand or other non-combustible material - Use clean, non-sparking tools to collect material and place it in loosely-covered metal or plastic containers for later disposal. Water spray may be used to knock down or divert vapour clouds. SEEK EXPERT ADVICE ON HANDLING AND DISPOSAL.
Personal Precautions	Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Evacuate the area of all non-essential personnel. Avoid inhalation, contact with skin, eyes and clothing.
Personal Protection	Wear protective clothing specified for normal operations (see Section 8)
Clean-up Methods - Small Spillages	Absorb or contain liquid with sand, earth or spill control material. Shovel up using non sparking tools and place in a labelled, sealable container for subsequent safe disposal. Put leaking containers in a labelled drum or overdrum.
Environmental Precautions	Prevent from entering into drains, ditches, rivers or the sea. Avoid release to the environment.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for Safe Handling	Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All electrical equipment must be flameproofed. Avoid breathing vapour, spray or mists. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin and eyes .
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in a cool place. Store in well ventilated area. Store away from sources of heat or ignition. Store away from oxidising agents and strong acids and bases. Keep containers securely sealed.
Storage Regulations	Refer Australian Standard AS 1940-2017 'The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids'.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limit values	Name	STEL		TWA		Footnote
		mg/m ³	ppm	mg/m ³	ppm	
	Acetone	2375	1000	1185	500	
Other Exposure Information	These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity. A time weighted average (TWA) has been established for Acetone [67-64-1] (Safe Work Australia) of 1185 mg/m ³ , (500 ppm). The corresponding STEL level is 2375 mg/m ³ , (1000 ppm). The STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) is an exposure value that should not be exceeded for more than 15 minutes and should not be repeated for more than 4 times per day. There should be at least 60 minutes between successive exposures at the STEL. The exposure value at the TWA is the average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal 8 hour working day for a 5 day working week.					
Appropriate engineering controls	In industrial situations maintain the concentrations values below the TWA. This may be achieved by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods.					
Respiratory Protection	Where ventilation is not adequate, respiratory protection may be required. Avoid breathing vapours or mists. Select and use respirators in accordance with AS 1716 - Respiratory Protective Devices and be selected in accordance with AS 1715 - Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices. When mists or vapours exceed the exposure standards then the use of the following is recommended: Approved respirator with organic vapour and dust/mist filters. Filter capacity and respirator type depends on exposure levels. Recommendation: Combined particulate/gas respirator.					
Eye Protection	The use of a face shield, chemical goggles or safety glasses with side shield protection as appropriate.					
Hand Protection	Must comply with Australian Standards AS 1337 and be selected and used in accordance with AS 1336. Wear gloves of impervious material conforming to AS/NZS 2161: Occupational protective gloves -					



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Personal Protective Equipment	Selection, use and maintenance. Final choice of appropriate glove type will vary according to individual circumstances. This can include methods of handling, and engineering controls as determined by appropriate risk assessments. Avoid skin contact when removing gloves from hands, do not touch the gloves outer surface. Dispose of gloves as hazardous waste.
Footwear	Safety boots in industrial situations is advisory, foot protection should comply with AS 2210, Occupational protective footwear - Guide to selection, care and use.
Body Protection	Clean clothing or protective clothing should be worn, preferably with an apron. Clothing for protection against chemicals should comply with AS 3765 Clothing for Protection Against Hazardous Chemicals. Recommendation: Flame retardant protective clothing.
Hygiene Measures	Always wash hands before smoking, eating or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storing or re-using.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Form	Liquid
Appearance	Colourless liquid.
Odour	Characteristic, sweetish odour.
Melting Point	-94 - 95 °C
Boiling Point	56 - 56.5 °C
Solubility in Water	Miscible with water.
Solubility in Organic Solvents	Miscible with alcohol, ether, chloroform, DMF and most oils.
Specific Gravity	0.792 @ 20 °C
pH	5-6 (395 g/l, H ₂ O, 20 °C)
Vapour Pressure	180 mmHg (20 °C)
Vapour Density (Air=1)	2.0
Viscosity	0.303 cP @ 25 °C
Volatile Component	100%
Flash Point	<-20 °C (CC)
Flammability	Flammable liquid.
Auto-ignition Temperature	465 °C
Flammable Limits - Lower	2.9 %
Flammable Limits - Upper	12.8%
Molecular Weight	58.08
Other Information	Refractive index: 1.3591 @ 20 °C Dipole moment: 2.7 Debye @ 20 °C Dielectric constant: 20.7 @ 25 °C Saturation concentration: 533 g/m ³ @ 20 °C Heat of evaporation: 521 kJ/kg @ 56 °C

10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical Stability	Stable under normal use conditons. Hygroscopic Sensitive to moisture.
Conditions to Avoid	Exposure to air. Light, heat, incompatibles.
Incompatible Materials	Oxidising agents (ie. CrO ₃ , peroxi compounds, nitric acid, nitrating acid), reducing agents, alkali hydroxides, halogens, chloroform, chlorine compounds halogenated hydrocarbons/alkali hydroxides, halogen-halogen compounds, halogen oxides, alkali metals, nitrosyl compounds, metals, ethanolamine, nitric/sulfuric acid mixtures, strong acids and bases and various plastics and rubber.



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Hazardous Decomposition Products	May liberate toxic fumes in fire includes oxides of carbon.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Reacts violently with bromoform and chloroform in the presence of alkalis or in contact with alkaline surfaces. Decomposes violently in contact with nitric/sulfuric acid mixtures. Can react violently with oxidising agents.
Hazardous Polymerization	Will not occur.

11. Toxicological Information

Acute Toxicity - Oral	LD50 (rat): 5800 mg/kg.
Acute Toxicity - Dermal	LD50 (rabbit): 20000 mg/kg.
Ingestion	Swallowing small amounts is not likely to produce harmful effects. Digestion in large quantities may lead to gastrointestinal complaints, headaches, salivation, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, narcosis and coma.
Inhalation	Inhalation of vapours concentrations causes respiratory tract and mucosal membrane irritation, dryness of the mouth and throat, dizziness, headaches, drowsiness, salivation, depression, nausea, vomiting and in severe cases leading to a coma.
Skin	Contact with skin may result in irritation. Will have a degreasing action on the skin.
Eye	Risk of corneal clouding! Vapours are irritating to the eyes. Splashes may cause severe irritation, with stinging, tearing, redness and pain.
Respiratory sensitisation	Not classified based on available information.
Skin Sensitisation	Not classified based on available information.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified based on available information.
Carcinogenicity	No evidence of carcinogenic properties.
Reproductive Toxicity	Not classified based on available information.
STOT-single exposure	Not classified based on available information.
STOT-repeated exposure	Not classified based on available information.
Aspiration Hazard	Not classified based on available information.
Chronic Effects	Repeated or prolonged skin contact can cause skin dryness, cracking and chronic dermatitis. Due to its low toxicity and high volatility, acetone is unlikely to be absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts unless evaporation is prevented. May damage the liver and kidneys.
Mutagenicity	No evidence of mutagenic properties.

12. Ecological information

Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable, Biodegradation: 91%/28d.
Environmental Fate	Behaviour in environmental compartments: Distribution: log p(o/w): -0.24 (experimental) No bioaccumulation is to be expected (log P(o/w) < 1). Bioconcentration factor: 0.69. Further ecologic data - Degradability: BOD5: 1.85 g/g; COD: 2.07 g/g; TOD: 2.20 g/g.
Bioaccumulative Potential	Does not bioaccumulate.
Environmental Protection	Avoid contaminating waterways. Harmful to aquatic life.
Acute Toxicity - Fish	LC50 (L.macrochirus): 8300 mg/l/96h.
Acute Toxicity - Daphnia	EC50 (Daphnia magna): 12600-12700 mg/l/48h.



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Acute Toxicity - Algae	Maximum permissible toxic concentration: IC5 (Sc.quadricauda): 7500 mg/l/8 d.
Acute Toxicity - Bacteria	Maximum permissible toxic concentration: EC5 (M.aeruginosa): 530 mg/l/8 d. EC5 (Ps.putida): 1700 mg/l/16 d. EC5 (E.Sulcatum): 28 mg/l/72 h.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal Considerations	Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be disposed of according to relevant local, state and federal government regulations.
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14. Transport information

Transport Information	Dangerous goods of Class 3 (Flammable Liquid) are incompatible in a placard load with any of the following: Class 1, Class 2.1, if both the Class 3 and Class 2.1 dangerous goods are in bulk, Class 2.3, Class 4.2, Class 5, Class 6, if the Class 3 dangerous goods are nitromethane, Class 7.
U.N. Number	1090
UN proper shipping name	ACETONE
Transport hazard class(es)	3
Hazchem Code	•2YE
Packing Group	II
EPG Number	3A1
IERG Number	14

15. Regulatory information

Regulatory Information	Listed in the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS). Not listed under WHS Regulation 2011, Schedule 10 - Prohibited carcinogens, restricted carcinogens and restricted hazardous chemicals.
Poisons Schedule	S5

16. Other Information

Literature References	'Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.', Commonwealth of Australia. Lewis, Richard J. Sr. 'Hawley's Condensed Chemical Dictionary 13th. Ed.', Rev., John Wiley and Sons, Inc., NY, 1997. National Road Transport Commission, 'Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail 7th. Ed.', 2007. Safe Work Australia, 'National Code of Practice for the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals', 2011. Standards Australia, 'SAA/SNZ HB 76:2010 Dangerous Goods - Initial Emergency Response Guide', Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand, 2010. Safe Work Australia, 'Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances [NOHSC:1008 (2004)]'. Safe Work Australia, 'Hazardous Chemical Information System, 2005'. Safe Work Australia, 'National Code of Practice for the Labelling of Safe Work Hazardous Substances (2011)'. Safe Work Australia, 'National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:1003(1995) 3rd Edition]'. Contact Person/Point Paul McCarthy Ph. (08) 8440 2000 DISCLAIMER STATEMENT: All information provided in this data sheet or by our technical representatives is compiled from the best knowledge available to us. However, since data, safety standards and government regulations are subject to change and the conditions of handling and use, or misuse, are beyond our control, we make no warranty either expressed or implied, with respect to the completeness or accuracy to the information contained herein. Chem-Supply accepts no responsibility whatsoever for its accuracy or for any results that may be obtained by customers from using the data and disclaims all liability for reliance on information provided in this data sheet or by our technical representatives.
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Empirical Formula & Structural Formula	CH ₃ COCH ₃
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Safety Data Sheet

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