

## Safety Data Sheet **MAGNESIUM Ribbon, Powder, Turnings**

SDS no. 9WR2C7L1 • Version 1.0 • Date of issue: 2026-06-10

### SECTION 1: Identification

#### GHS Product identifier

Product name MAGNESIUM Ribbon, Powder, Turnings

#### Other means of identification

Product Product Code

Magnesium Ribbon TG	MT032
Magnesium Powder LR	ML031
Magnesium Powder TG	MT031
Magnesium Turnings LR	ML033

#### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Reducing agent, thermite reactions, photographic flashbulbs and laboratory reagent.

#### Supplier's details

Name ChemSupply Australia Pty Ltd  
Address 38-50 Bedford Street  
5013 Gillman South Australia  
Australia

Telephone 08 8440 2000  
email [www.chemsupply.com.au](http://www.chemsupply.com.au)

#### Emergency phone number

CHEMCALL 1800 127 406 (Australia) / +64-4-917-9888 (International)

### SECTION 2: Hazard identification

#### General hazard statement

Classified as dangerous goods according to the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG).

Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of classification and labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia.

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

#### GHS classification in accordance with: UN GHS revision 7

- Flammable solids, Cat. 1
- Self-heating substances and mixtures, Cat. 1
- Substances and mixtures, which in contact with water, emit flammable gases, Cat. 2

#### GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

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#### Pictograms



#### Signal word

**Danger**

#### Hazard statement(s)

H228  
H251  
H261

Flammable solid  
Self-heating; may catch fire  
In contact with water releases flammable gas

#### Precautionary statement(s)

P210

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P223

Do not allow contact with water.

P231+P232

Handle and store contents under inert gas/.... Protect from moisture.

P235

Keep cool.

P240

Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241

Use explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting/...] equipment.

P280

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P302+P335+P334

IF ON SKIN: Brush off loose particles from skin. Immerse in cool water [or wrap in wet bandages].

P370+P378

In case of fire: Use agents recommended in Section 5 of SDS for extinction

P402+P404

Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container.

P407

Maintain air gap between stacks or pallets.

P410

Protect from sunlight.

P420

Store separately.

P501

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal facility

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### Mixtures

<b>Molecular weight</b>	24.31
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Component	Identification	Weight %	Classifications
Magnesium powder or turnings, stabilized	CAS no.: 7439-95-4 EC no.: 231-104-6 Index no.: 012-002-00-9	<= 100 %	CLASSIFICATIONS: Flammable solids, Cat. 1; Self-heating substances and mixtures, Cat. 1; Substances and mixtures, which in contact with water, emit flammable gases, Cat. 2. HAZARDS: H228 - Flammable solid; H252 - Self-heating in large quantities; may catch fire; H261 - In contact with water releases flammable gas.

## SECTION 4: First-aid measures

#### Description of necessary first-aid measures

General advice

First Aid Facilities: Maintain eyewash fountain and drench facilities in work area.

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If inhaled	If inhaled, remove from contaminated area to fresh air immediately. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical aid if cough or other symptoms appear.
In case of skin contact	Rinse with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
In case of eye contact	If contact with the eye(s) occurs, wash with copious amounts of water for approximately 15 minutes holding eyelid(s) open. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the non-affected eye. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
If swallowed	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water immediately, repeat until all traces of product have been removed. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Seek medical advice if effects persist.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

For advice, contact the National Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.

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## SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Water, foam and carbon dioxide.

Specific Methods: DO NOT USE WATER OR FOAM.

Small fire: Use dry chemical, soda ash, lime or sand.

If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area.

Large fire: Use DRY sand, dry chemical, soda ash or lime or withdraw and let fire burn.

Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Avoid getting water inside containers.

#### Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazards from Combustion Products: Emits toxic fumes under fire conditions.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical: Produce flammable substances on contact with water. May ignite on contact with water or moist air. May react vigorously or explosively on contact with water. May be ignited by heat, sparks or flame. May re-ignite after fire is extinguished. Some are kept in or under flammable liquids. Fire will produce irritating, poisonous and/or corrosive gases. Containers may explode when heated. Runoff may create multiple fire or explosion hazard.

#### Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear SCBA and chemical splash suit. Structural firefighter's uniform may provide limited protection.

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## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid substance contact. Avoid generation of dusts: do not inhale dusts.

Ensure supply of fresh air in enclosed rooms. Evacuate the area of all non-essential personnel.

Wear protective clothing specified for normal operations (see Section 8)

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames) within at least 25m. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Stop leak if safe to do so - Prevent entry into waterways, drains or confined areas. Water spray may be used to knock down vapours or divert vapour clouds. DO NOT GET WATER inside containers or in contact with substance.

Small spill

Cover with DRY earth, sand or other non-combustible material followed by plastic sheet to minimize spreading or contact with rain.

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Large Spill

SEEK EXPERT ADVICE ON HANDLING AND DISPOSAL.

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## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Store away from sources of heat or ignition. Store away from oxidizing agents. Store away from acids. Keep containers closed at all times. Store at room temperature (15 - 25 °C). Keep dry and protect from direct sunlight.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Corrosiveness: Non-corrosive in presence of glass. Magnesium is anodic to all other structural metals. Magnesium develops a corrosion-inhibiting film upon exposure to clean atmospheres and freshwater. However, the film breaks down in the presence of chlorides, sulphates and other media. It is rapidly attacked by mineral acids, except for chromic and hydrofluoric acids. It is however, resistant to dilute alkalis, aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons, particular alcohols, and dry bromine, chlorine and fluorine gases. Anodising magnesium improves its corrosion resistance.

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## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### Appropriate engineering controls

Use ventilation adequate to keep exposures (airborne levels of dust, fume, vapor, gas, etc.) below recommended exposure limits.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

The use of a face shield, chemical goggles or safety glasses with side shield protection as appropriate. Must comply with Australian Standards AS 1337 and be selected and used in accordance with AS 1336.

#### Skin protection

Clean impervious clothing should be worn. Clothing for protection against chemicals should comply with AS 3765 Clothing for Protection Against Hazardous Chemicals.

#### Body protection

Footwear: Safety boots in industrial situations is advisory, foot protection should comply with AS 2210, Occupational protective footwear - Guide to selection, care and use.

Body Protection: Clean clothing or protective clothing should be worn, preferably with an apron. Clothing for protection against chemicals should comply with AS 3765 Clothing for Protection Against Hazardous Chemicals.

#### Respiratory protection

If engineering controls are not effective in controlling airborne exposure then an approved respirator with a replaceable vapor/ mist filter should be used. Refer to relevant regulations for further information concerning respiratory protective requirements. Reference should be made to Australian Standards AS/ NZS 1715, Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices; and AS/ NZS 1716, Respiratory Protective Devices, in order to make any necessary changes for individual circumstances.

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### Basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Solid
Appearance, such as physical state and colour	Metal strips, powder or turnings.
Colour	Silvery white
Odour	Odourless.

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Odour threshold	No data available.
Melting point and freezing point	651 °C
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	1100 °C
Flammability	Flammable Solid
Lower and upper explosion limit or lower and upper flammability limit	Flammable Limits - Lower: 0.04%
Flash point	636 °C.
Explosive properties	Water used on molten magnesium will produce hydrogen gas and may cause an explosion. Fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. Minimum explosible concentration 0.030 grams/litre.
Auto-ignition temperature	473 - 510 °C.
Decomposition temperature	No data available.
Oxidising properties	No data available.
pH	No data available.
Kinematic viscosity	No data available.
Solubility	Solubility in Water: Insoluble in cold water. Very slightly soluble with decomposition in hot water. [13] Solubility in Organic Solvents: Soluble in ammonium salts.
Partition coefficient — n-octanol/water (logarithmic value)	No data available.
Vapour pressure	1 mm Hg @ 621 °C;
Evaporation rate	No data available.
Density and relative density	Specific Gravity: 1.738
Relative vapour density	No data available.
Particle characteristics	No data available.

#### Supplemental information regarding physical hazard classes

No data available.

#### Further safety characteristics (supplemental)

No data available.

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## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions of storage and handling.

Reacts with incompatible materials

### Chemical stability

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Stable under ordinary conditions of use and storage. Slowly oxidizes in moist air.

#### Possibility of hazardous reactions

[25] Possibility of hazardous reactions: Violent chemical reaction with oxidizing agents. Reacts with water to create hydrogen gas and heat. Must be kept dry. Reacts with acids to form hydrogen gas which is highly flammable and explosive. Reacts violently with halogens, chlorinated solvents, chloromethane. Magnesium forms hazardous or explosive mixtures with aluminium and potassium perchlorate; ammonium nitrate; barium nitrate, barium dioxide and zinc; beryllium oxide; boron phosphodiiodide; bromobenzyl trifluoride; cadmium cyanide; cadmium oxide; calcium carbide; carbonates; carbon tetrachloride; chlorine; chlorine trifluoride; chloroform; cobalt cyanide; copper cyanide; copper sulfate(anhydrous), ammonium nitrate, potassium chlorate and water; cupric oxide; cupric sulfate; fluorine; gold cyanide; hydrogen and calcium carbonate; hydrogen iodide; hydrogen peroxide; iodine; lead cyanide; mercuric oxide; mercury cyanide; methyl chloride; molybdenum trioxide; nickel cyanide; nitric acid; nitrogen dioxide; oxygen (liquid); performic acid; phosphates; potassium chlorate; potassium perchlorate; silver nitrate; silver oxide; sodium perchlorate; sodium peroxide; sodium peroxide and carbon dioxide; stannic oxide; sulfates; trichloroethylene; zinc cyanide; zinc oxide.

#### Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames, ignition sources, water or moisture, moist air, air and incompatibles.

#### Incompatible materials

Water and acids will release hydrogen; reacts violently with halogens, chloromethane, carbonates, cyanides, chlorinated hydrocarbons, sulfates, and other metals. Incompatible with oxidizing agents, acid chlorides, bases and alcohols. Sensitive to air.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

Magnesium oxide, some metallic oxides. When exposed to acids and water, hydrogen will be produced.

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## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

##### Acute toxicity

Ingestion: Magnesium metal does not have well-characterized toxicity. May cause abdominal pain and diarrhoea.

Inhalation: Inhalation of dusts or fumes may irritate the respiratory tract and may cause metal fume fever. Symptoms may include coughing, chest pain, fever, and leukocytosis.

##### Skin corrosion/irritation

Particles embedded in the skin may cause eruptions. Molten magnesium may cause serious skin burns.

##### Serious eye damage/irritation

High concentrations of dust may cause mechanical irritation. Watching a magnesium fire can cause eye injury.

##### Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

##### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

##### Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

##### Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

##### Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

##### Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

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#### Aspiration hazard

Not classified based on available information.

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## SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### Toxicity

Acute Toxicity - Fish: The following applies to magnesium compounds in general: lethal for fish 100 mg/l.

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## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### Disposal methods

#### Product disposal

Waste material must be disposed of in accordance with the national and local regulations. Leave chemicals in original containers.

#### Other disposal recommendations

Do not discharge this material into waterways, drains and sewers.

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## SECTION 14: Transport information

#### ADG (Road and Rail)

UN Number: 1869

Class: 4.1

Packing Group: III

Proper Shipping Name: MAGNESIUM

#### Hazchem emergency action code (EAC)

4[Y]

#### IMDG

UN Number: 1869

Class: 4.1

Packing Group: III

EMS Number:

Proper Shipping Name: MAGNESIUM

#### IATA

UN Number: 1869

Class: 4.1

Packing Group: III

Proper Shipping Name: MAGNESIUM

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## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

#### Australia SUSMP

Poison Schedule: NS

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## SECTION 16: Other information

#### Further information/disclaimer

ChemSupply Australia Pty Ltd does not warrant that this product is suitable for any use or purpose. The user must ascertain the suitability of the product before use or application intended purpose. Preliminary testing of the product before use or application is recommended. Any reliance or purported reliance upon ChemSupply Australia Pty Ltd with respect to any skill or judgement or advice in relation to the suitability of this product of any purpose is disclaimed. Except to the extent prohibited at law, any condition implied by any statute as to the merchantable quality of this product or fitness for any purpose is hereby excluded. This product is not sold by

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description. Where the provisions of Part V, Division 2 of the Trade Practices Act apply, the liability of ChemSupply Australia Pty Ltd is limited to the replacement of supply of equivalent goods or payment of the cost of replacing the goods or acquiring equivalent goods.

#### Preparation information

All information provided in this data sheet or by our technical representatives is compiled from the best knowledge available to us. However, since data, safety standards and government regulations are subject to change and the conditions of handling and use, or misuse, are beyond our control, we make no warranty either expressed or implied, with respect to the completeness or accuracy to the information contained herein. ChemSupply Australia Pty Ltd accepts no responsibility whatsoever for its accuracy or for any results that may be obtained by customers from using the data and disclaims all liability for reliance on information provided in this data sheet or by our technical representatives.

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons, Commonwealth of Australia

National Road Transport Commission, 'Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail 7th. Ed.'

Safe Work Australia, 'National Code of Practice for the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals', July 2020.

Safe Work Australia, 'National Guide for Classifying Hazardous Chemicals', July 2020.

Safe Work Australia, Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants, December 2019

Safe Work Australia, Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS), [hcis.safeworkaustralia.gov.au](http://hcis.safeworkaustralia.gov.au)

IATA, Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR)

IMO, International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)