

Safety Data Sheet **ESCHKA'S MIXTURE**

SDS no. 6C1D0NEM • Version 1.0 • Date of issue: 2022-12-11

SECTION 1: Identification

GHS Product identifier

Product name ESCHKA'S MIXTURE

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Used as fusion mixture for the determination of sulfur in coal.

Supplier's details

Name ChemSupply Australia Pty Ltd
Address 38-50 Bedford Street
5013 Gillman South Australia
Australia

Telephone 08 8440 2000
email www.chemsupply.com

Emergency phone number

CHEMCALL 1800 127 406 (Australia) / +64-4-917-9888 (International)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

General hazard statement

Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of classification and labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia.

Not classified as dangerous goods according to the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG).

Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS classification in accordance with: UN GHS revision 7

- Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Cat. 2A

GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictograms



Signal word

Warning

Hazard statement(s)

H319

Causes serious eye irritation

Precautionary statement(s)

P264

Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P280

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P305+P351+P338

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Components

Component	Concentration
Sodium carbonate (CAS no.: 497-19-8; EC no.: 207-838-8; Index no.: 011-005-00-2)	33 - 33 % (weight)
CLASSIFICATIONS: Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Cat. 2A. HAZARDS: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.	
Magnesium oxide (CAS no.: 1309-48-4; EC no.: 215-171-9)	67 - 67 % (weight)
CLASSIFICATIONS: No data available. HAZARDS: No data available.	

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

Description of necessary first-aid measures

General advice

First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.

If inhaled

If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

In case of skin contact

If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

In case of eye contact

If in eyes wash out immediately with water.

If swallowed

If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

For advice in an emergency, contact a Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 131 126) or a doctor

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Use fire extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding environment. Use water spray, dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or appropriate foam.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Material does not burn.

Sodium carbonate: Carbon oxides, Sodium oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Fire fighters should wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) operated in positive pressure mode. Fight fire from safe location.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear respiratory protection. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust. For personal protection see section 8.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Avoid dust formation. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Avoid generating and inhaling dust.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry place. Store away from acids. Keep containers closed at all times.

Corrosiveness: Corrodes aluminium and zinc.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls

Use ventilation adequate to keep exposures (airborne levels of dust, fume, vapor, gas, etc.) below recommended exposure limits. If the engineering controls are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of vapours/mists below the exposure standards, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

The use of a face shield, chemical goggles or safety glasses with side shield protection as appropriate. Must comply with Australian Standards AS 1337 and be selected and used in accordance with AS 1336.

Skin protection

Clean impervious clothing should be worn. Clothing for protection against chemicals should comply with AS 3765 Clothing for Protection Against Hazardous Chemicals.

Hand Protection: Normally not required but if in doubt ensure hand protection should complies with AS 2161, Occupational protective gloves - Selection, use and maintenance.

Body protection

Suitable protective workwear, e.g. cotton overalls buttoned at neck and wrist is recommended. Chemical resistant apron is recommended where large quantities are handled.

Respiratory protection

If engineering controls are not effective in controlling airborne exposure then an approved respirator with a replaceable vapor/ mist filter should be used. Refer to relevant regulations for further information concerning respiratory protective requirements. Reference should be made to Australian Standards AS/ NZS 1715, Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices; and AS/NZS 1716, Respiratory Protective Devices, in order to make any necessary changes for individual circumstances.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Solid
Appearance	White powder.
Color	No data available.
Odor	Odourless.
Odor threshold	No data available.
Melting point/freezing point	No data available.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	No data available.
Flammability	No data available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	No data available.
Flash point	No data available.
Explosive properties	No data available.
Auto-ignition temperature	No data available.
Decomposition temperature	No data available.
Oxidizing properties	No data available.
pH	No data available.
Kinematic viscosity	No data available.
Solubility	No data available.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	No data available.
Vapor pressure	No data available.
Evaporation rate	No data available.
Density and/or relative density	No data available.
Relative vapor density	No data available.

Particle characteristics

No data available.

Supplemental information regarding physical hazard classes

No data available.

Further safety characteristics (supplemental)

No data available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions of storage and handling.

Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Avoid storing in direct sunlight and avoid extremes of temperature.

Incompatible materials

Strong oxidising agents and acids.

Sodium carbonate: Sodium carbonate reacts with acids with release of large volumes of carbon dioxide gas and heat.

Hazardous decomposition products

Oxides of carbon.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Ingestion: May be harmful if swallowed. Rapid absorption of magnesium ions into the blood stream. Systems may include flushing of skin, thirst, hypotension, loss of reflex and respiratory depression.

Inhalation: May cause irritation to the respiratory system and nasal passage.

Skin corrosion/irritation

May cause irritation in contact with skin.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Irritating to eyes. Dust or concentrated solutions may irritate or burn the eyes. Prolonged contact may cause permanent damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not expected to be a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not considered to be a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity

Not considered to be a carcinogenic hazard.

Reproductive toxicity

Not considered to be toxic to reproduction.

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure

Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - repeated exposure

Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.

Aspiration hazard

Not expected to be an aspiration hazard.

Additional information

Chronic Effects: Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause chronic dermatitis and/or ulceration of the skin.

Sodium carbonate: guinea pig LC50 inhalation 800mg/m³/2H (800mg/m³) LUNGS, THORAX, OR RESPIRATION: DYSPNEA

GASTROINTESTINAL: OTHER CHANGES Environmental Research. Vol. 31, Pg. 138, 1983.

[Link to PubMed](#)

man LDLo oral 714mg/kg (714mg/kg) BEHAVIORAL: GENERAL ANESTHETIC

GASTROINTESTINAL: ULCERATION OR BLEEDING FROM SMALL INTESTINE

GASTROINTESTINAL: OTHER CHANGES Gekkan Yakuji. Pharmaceuticals Monthly. Vol. 32, Pg. 570, 1990.

mouse LC50 inhalation 1200mg/m³/2H (1200mg/m³) LUNGS, THORAX, OR RESPIRATION: DYSPNEA

GASTROINTESTINAL: OTHER CHANGES Environmental Research. Vol. 31, Pg. 138, 1983.

[Link to PubMed](#)

mouse LD50 intraperitoneal 117mg/kg (117mg/kg) Comptes Rendus Hebdomadaires des Seances, Academie des Sciences. Vol. 257, Pg. 791, 1963.

mouse LD50 oral 6600mg/kg (6600mg/kg) Gigiena Truda i Professional'nye Zabolevaniya. Labor Hygiene and Occupational Diseases. Vol. 20(11), Pg. 55, 1976.

mouse LD50 subcutaneous 2210mg/kg (2210mg/kg) Russian Pharmacology and Toxicology Vol. 33, Pg. 266, 1970.

rat LC50 inhalation 2300mg/m³/2H (2300mg/m³) LUNGS, THORAX, OR RESPIRATION: DYSPNEA

GASTROINTESTINAL: OTHER CHANGES Environmental Research. Vol. 31, Pg. 138, 1983.

[Link to PubMed](#)

rat LD50 oral 4090mg/kg (4090mg/kg) "Sbornik Vysledku Toxixologickeho Vysetreni Latek A Pripravku," Marhold, J.V., Institut Pro Vychovu Vedoucicn Pracovniku Chemickeho Prumyclu Praha, Czechoslovakia, 1972Vol. -, Pg. 8, 1972.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

No data available.

Persistence and degradability

No data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

Mobility in soil

No data available.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available.

Other adverse effects

No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Product disposal

Waste material must be disposed of in accordance with the national and local regulations. Leave chemicals in original containers.

Other disposal recommendations

Do not discharge this material into waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

ADG (Road and Rail)

Not dangerous goods

IMDG

Not dangerous goods

IATA

Not dangerous goods

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

Australia SUSMP

Poison Schedule: S5

SECTION 16: Other information

Further information/disclaimer

ChemSupply Australia Pty Ltd does not warrant that this product is suitable for any use or purpose. The user must ascertain the suitability of the product before use or application intended purpose. Preliminary testing of the product before use or application is recommended. Any reliance or purported reliance upon ChemSupply Australia Pty Ltd with respect to any skill or judgement or advice in relation to the suitability of this product of any purpose is disclaimed. Except to the extent prohibited at law, any condition implied by any statute as to the merchantable quality of this product or fitness for any purpose is hereby excluded. This product is not sold by description. Where the provisions of Part V, Division 2 of the Trade Practices Act apply, the liability of ChemSupply Australia Pty Ltd is limited to the replacement of supply of equivalent goods or payment of the cost of replacing the goods or acquiring equivalent goods.