AUSTRALIAN CHEMICAL REAGENTS

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date Prepared: February 2023

Version No: 6

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product Name: Total Organic Carbon Std 1000 mg/L

Product Code: 3345 Other Names: Nil

Uses: Analytical Reagent

Supplier: Australian Chemical Reagents

38-50 Bedford Street Gillman SA 5013

Contacts: Telephone: 61 08 84402000

Fax: 61 08 84402001

Emergency Phone: 61 08 84402000 Mon - Fri 8:30am - 5:00pm

2. HAZARDS INFORMATION

Hazard classification: Classified as non-Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of classification and labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients:

Chemical Entity	CAS No	Proportion
Potassium hydrogen phthalate	[877-24-7]	0.2%
Sulphuric acid	[7664-93-9]	0.1%
Water	[7732-18-5]	to 100%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Safety showers and eye wash facilities should be provided.

Swallowed:

If conscious wash out mouth with water. Seek medical advice. Show this SDS to medical practitioner.

Eye:

Immediately hold eyelids open and flood with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical aid. Show this SDS to medical practitioner.

Skin:

Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately wash skin thoroughly with water and mild soap. Seek medical advice if irritation persists. Show this SDS to medical practitioner. Launder clothing before reuse.

Inhaled:

Remove from contaminated air. Maintain breathing with artificial respiration if necessary. Seek medical assistance. Show this SDS to a doctor.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media:

Water spray. Carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder, or appropriate foam.

Hazards From Combustion Products:

Sulphuric acid and its solutions will not burn or support combustion. However contact with aluminium, zinc or tin may generate explosive hydrogen gas. Decomposition products include sulphur and carbon oxides.

Precautions For Fire Fighters and Special Protective Equipment:

TOC 1000mg/L Page 1 of 3

Fire fighters and others who may be exposed to combustion products during fire should wear full protective clothing including positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Wear SCBA with full face-piece, operated in positive pressure mode when fighting fires.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency procedures:

Prevent from entering waterways. Restrict access to area. Remove chemicals that can react with the spilled material.

Methods and materials for containment and clean up:

Use inert material such as sand or earth to contain spill or leak. Neutralise with sodium bicarbonate. Absorb spills with chemical absorber or vermiculite and dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling:

Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Avoid prolonged or repeated exposure. Do not pipette by mouth.

Conditions for Safe Storage:

Store sealed in original container in a cool well ventilated situation away from foods and other chemicals. Do not store in direct sunlight. Observe good hygiene and housekeeping practices.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

National Exposure Standards:

Safe Work Australia – Sulphuric acid 1mg/m³ TWA 3mg/m³ STEL

Biological Limit Values: No data available.

Engineering Controls:

Not required with normal use. If mists are likely to be generated maintain atmospheric concentrations well below exposure standards with extraction ventilation.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

The use of nitrile or neoprene gloves complying with AS 2161 and the use of faceshield, chemical goggles or safety glasses with side shield protection complying with AS/NZS 1337 is recommended.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : Clear liquid
Odour: Nil
pH: 1

Boiling Point (°C):

Freezing/melting Point:

Vapour Pressure (mm of Hg @ 25°C):

Vapour Density:

Not applicable

Not applicable

Not applicable

Specific Gravity:

Flash Point (°C):

Flammability Limits (%):

Not flammable

Not flammable

Solubility in Water (g/L):

Soluble

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability:

Stable.

Conditions to avoid:

Excessive heat.

Incompatible materials:

Alkalis, hypochlorites, organic materials, sulphites, sulphides, cyanides, aluminum, phosphorus, tin and zinc.

TOC 1000mg/L Page 2 of 3

Hazardous decomposition products:

Refer to section 5 (Fire Fighting Measures).

Hazardous reactions:

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Health Effects:

Swallowed : May be irritating to tissue. Ingestion may cause vomiting, diarrhoea. For sulphuric acid LD50 oral - rat 2140mg/kg.

Eye: Irritating to eye tissue. For sulphuric acid 100mg rinse produced severe irritation of rabbit eyes.

Skin: May be irritating to skin tissue.

Inhaled: May be irritating to respiratory tissue. For sulphuric acid LC50 inhalation - rat 510mg/m³/2hours

Chronic Effects: Long term exposure to sulphuric acid mists may cause dental erosion.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity:

No data available.

Persistence and degradability:

No data available.

Mobility:

No data available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Observe all federal, state and local environmental regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN Number: Not applicable

UN Proper Shipping Name: Not applicable **Class and subsidiary risk(s):** Not applicable

Packing Group: Not applicable
Hazchem Code: Not applicable
Special precautions for user: Nil

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons (SUSDP):

Not Scheduled

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Disclaimer:

All information given by the Company is offered in good faith and is believed to the best of our knowledge to be accurate. However this information is offered without warranty representation inducement or licence and the Company does not assume legal responsibility for reliance upon the same.

Every person dealing with the materials referred to herein does so at his or her own risk absolutely and must make independent determinations of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to ensure their proper use.

END of SDS

TOC 1000mg/L Page 3 of 3